

## Caspase-Family Fluorometric Substrate Set Plus (BN00249)

**FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.**

**CATALOG #:** BN00249

**LOT #:** \_\_\_\_\_

**STORAGE CONDITIONS:** Store at  $-20^{\circ}$  C.

**SHELF LIFE:** 6 months under proper storage conditions

### KIT CONTENTS:

Concentration	Description	Volume	Part Number
1 mM	Caspase-1 Substrate, Ac-YVAD-AFC	125 $\mu$ l	BN00249-1
1 mM	Caspase-2 Substrate, Ac-VDVAD-AFC	125 $\mu$ l	BN00249-2
1 mM	Caspase-3 Substrate, Ac-DEVD-AFC	125 $\mu$ l	BN00249-3
1 mM	Caspase-5 Substrate, Ac-WEHD-AFC	125 $\mu$ l	BN00249-4
1 mM	Caspase-6 Substrate, Ac-VEID-AFC	125 $\mu$ l	BN00249-5
1 mM	Caspase-8 Substrate, Ac-IETD-AFC	125 $\mu$ l	BN00249-6
1 mM	Caspase-9 Substrate, Ac-LEHD-AFC	125 $\mu$ l	BN00249-7
N/A	Cell Lysis Buffer	100 ml	BN00249-8
N/A	2X Reaction Buffer	20 ml	BN00249-9
1 M	DTT	0.4 ml	BN00249-10

### ASSAY PROCEDURE:

1. Induce apoptosis in cells by desired method. Concurrently incubate a control culture *without* induction.
2. Count cells and pellet  $1-5 \times 10^6$  cells or use 50-200 $\mu$ g cell lysates if protein concentration has been measured.
3. Resuspend cells in 50  $\mu$ l of chilled Cell Lysis Buffer.
4. Incubate cells on ice for 10 minutes.
5. Add 50  $\mu$ l of 2X Reaction Buffer and 1  $\mu$ l DTT to each sample.
6. Add 5  $\mu$ l of the 1 mM AFC conjugated substrates (50  $\mu$ M final conc.) into each tube individually and incubate at  $37^{\circ}$  C for 1-2 hour.
7. Read samples in a fluorometer equipped with a 400-nm excitation filter and 505-nm emission filter. For a plate-reading set-up, transfer the samples to a 96-well plate. You may perform the entire assay directly in a 96-well plate.  
Fold-increase in caspase activity can be determined by comparing these results with the level of the uninduced control.

## GENERAL TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE FOR CASPASE COLORIMETRIC AND FLUOROMETRIC KITS:

Problems	Cause	Solution
Assay not working	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cells did not lyse completely</li> <li>Experiment was not performed at optimal time after apoptosis induction</li> <li>Plate read at incorrect wavelength</li> <li>Old DTT used</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Resuspend the cell pellet in the lysis buffer and incubate as described in the datasheet</li> <li>Perform a time-course induction experiment for apoptosis</li> <li>Check the wavelength listed in the datasheet and the filter settings of the instrument</li> <li>Always use freshly thawed DTT in the cell lysis buffer</li> </ul>
High Background	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Increased amount of cell lysate used</li> <li>Increased amounts of components added due to incorrect pipetting</li> <li>Incubation of cell samples for extended periods</li> <li>Use of expired kit or improperly stored reagents</li> <li>Contaminated cells</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Refer to datasheet and use the suggested cell number to prepare lysates</li> <li>Use calibrated pipettes</li> <li>Refer to datasheet and incubate for exact times</li> <li>Always check the expiry date and store the individual components appropriately</li> <li>Check for bacterial/ yeast/ mycoplasma contamination</li> </ul>
Lower signal levels	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cells did not initiate apoptosis</li> <li>Very few cells used for analysis</li> <li>Use of samples stored for a long time</li> <li>Incorrect setting of the equipment used to read samples</li> <li>Allowing the reagents to sit for extended times on ice</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Determine the time-point for initiation of apoptosis after induction (time-course experiment)</li> <li>Refer to datasheet for appropriate cell number</li> <li>Use fresh samples or aliquot and store and use within one month for the assay</li> <li>Refer to datasheet and use the recommended filter setting</li> <li>Always thaw and prepare fresh reaction mix before use</li> </ul>
Samples with erratic readings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Uneven number of cells seeded in the wells</li> <li>Samples prepared in a different buffer</li> <li>Adherent cells dislodged and lost at the time of experiment</li> <li>Cell/ tissue samples were not completely homogenized</li> <li>Samples used after multiple freeze-thaw cycles</li> <li>Presence of interfering substance in the sample</li> <li>Use of old or inappropriately stored samples</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Seed only equal number of healthy cells (correct passage number)</li> <li>Use the cell lysis buffer provided in the kit</li> <li>Perform experiment gently and in duplicates/triplicates; apoptotic cells may become floaters</li> <li>Use Dounce homogenizer (increase the number of strokes); observe efficiency of lysis under microscope</li> <li>Aliquot and freeze samples, if needed to use multiple times</li> <li>Troubleshoot as needed</li> <li>Use fresh samples or store at correct temperatures until use</li> </ul>
Unanticipated results	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Measured at incorrect wavelength</li> <li>Cell samples contain interfering substances</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the equipment and the filter setting</li> <li>Troubleshoot if it interferes with the kit (run proper controls)</li> </ul>
General issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improperly thawed components</li> <li>Incorrect incubation times or temperatures</li> <li>Incorrect volumes used</li> <li>Air bubbles formed in the well/tube</li> <li>Substituting reagents from older kits/ lots</li> <li>Use of a different 96-well plate</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Thaw all components completely and mix gently before use</li> <li>Refer to datasheet &amp; verify the correct incubation times and temperatures</li> <li>Use calibrated pipettes and aliquot correctly</li> <li>Pipette gently against the wall of the well/tubes</li> <li>Use fresh components from the same kit</li> <li>Fluorescence: Black plates; Absorbance: Clear plates</li> </ul>

**Note:** The most probable cause is listed under each section. Causes may overlap with other sections.