

Caspase Colorimetric Substrate Set II Plus (BN00318)

CATALOG#:

BN00318

LOT#:

STORAGE CONDITIONS: Store at -20° C.

SHELF LIFE: 6 months under proper storage conditions

KIT CONTENTS:

Concentration	Description	Volume	Part Number
4 mM	Caspase-1 Substrate, Ac-YVAD-pNA	125 µl	BN00318-3
4 mM	Caspase-2 Substrate, Ac-VDVAD-pNA	125 µl	BN00318-3
4 mM	Caspase-3 Substrate, Ac-DEVD- <i>p</i> NA	125 µl	BN00318-3
4 mM	Caspase-4 Substrate, Ac-LEVD- <i>p</i> NA	125 µl	BN00318-3
4 mM	Caspase-5 Substrate, Ac-WEHD-pNA	125 µl	BN00318-3
4 mM	Caspase-6 Substrate, Ac-VEID- <i>p</i> NA	125 µl	BN00318-3
4 mM	Caspase-8 Substrate, Ac-IETD-pNA	125 µl	BN00318-3
4 mM	Caspase-9 Substrate, Ac-LEHD-pNA	125 µl	BN00318-3
4 mM	Caspase-10 Substrate, Ac-AEVD- <i>p</i> NA	125 µl	BN00318-3
N/A	Cell Lysis Buffer	100 ml	1067-100-3
N/A	Dilution Buffer	200 ml	BN00318-3
N/A	2X Reaction Buffer	20 ml	1068-20
1 M	DTT	0.4 ml	BN00318-3

ASSAY PROCEDURE:

- 1. Induce apoptosis in cells by desired method. Concurrently incubate a control culture *without* induction.
- 2. Count cells and pellet $1-5 \times 10^6$ cells.
- Resuspend cells in 50 μl of chilled Cell Lysis Buffer and incubate cells on ice for 10 minutes. Centrifuge for 1 min in a microcentrifuge (10,000 x g).
- 5. Transfer supernatant to a fresh tube and assay protein Concentration.
- 6. Dilute 100-300 µg protein to 50 µl Cell Lysis Buffer for each assay.
- 7. Add 50 µl of 2X Reaction Buffer containing 10 mM DTT to each sample.
- 8. Add 5 μl of the 4 mM *p*NA conjugated substrates (200 μM final conc.) into each tube individually and incubate at 37 °C for 1-2 hour.
- 9 Read samples at 400- or 405-nm in a microtiter plate reader, or spectrophotometer using a 100-µl micro quartz cuvet te (Sigma), or dilute sample to 1 ml with Dilution Buffer and using regular cuvette (note: Dilution of the samples proportionally decreases the reading). Fold-increase in caspase activity can be determined by comparing these results with the level of the uninduced control.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.

GENERAL TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE FOR CASPASE COLORIMETRIC AND FLUOROMETRIC KITS:

Problems	Cause	Solution	
Assay not working	Cells did not lyse completely	• Resuspend the cell pellet in the lysis buffer and incubate as described in the datasheet	
	Experiment was not performed at optimal time after apoptosis induction	Perform a time-course induction experiment for apoptosis	
	Plate read at incorrect wavelength	Check the wavelength listed in the datasheet and the filter settings of the instrument	
	Old DTT used	Always use freshly thawed DTT in the cell lysis buffer	
High Background	Increased amount of cell lysate used	Refer to datasheet and use the suggested cell number to prepare lysates	
	 Increased amounts of components added due to incorrect pipetting 	Use calibrated pipettes	
	Incubation of cell samples for extended periods	Refer to datasheet and incubate for exact times	
	Use of expired kit or improperly stored reagents	Always check the expiry date and store the individual components appropriately	
	Contaminated cells	Check for bacteria/ yeast/ mycoplasma contamination	
Lower signal levels	Cells did not initiate apoptosis	• Determine the time-point for initiation of apoptosis after induction (time-course experiment)	
	Very few cells used for analysis	Refer to datasheet for appropriate cell number	
	Use of samples stored for a long time	Use fresh samples or aliquot and store and use within one month for the assay	
	Incorrect setting of the equipment used to read samples	Refer to datasheet and use the recommended filter setting	
	Allowing the reagents to sit for extended times on ice	Always thaw and prepare fresh reaction mix before use	
Samples with erratic readings	Uneven number of cells seeded in the wells	Seed only equal number of healthy cells (correct passage number)	
	Samples prepared in a different buffer	Use the cell lysis buffer provided in the kit	
	Adherent cells dislodged and lost at the time of experiment	• Perform experiment gently and in duplicates/triplicates; apoptotic cells may become floaters	
	Cell/ tissue samples were not completely homogenized	Use Dounce homogenizer (increase the number of strokes); observe efficiency of lysis under microscope	
	Samples used after multiple freeze-thaw cycles	Aliquot and freeze samples, if needed to use multiple times	
	Presence of interfering substance in the sample	Troubleshoot as needed	
	Use of old or inappropriately stored samples	Use fresh samples or store at correct temperatures until use	
Unanticipated results	Measured at incorrect wavelength	Check the equipment and the filter setting	
	Cell samples contain interfering substances	Troubleshoot if it interferes with the kit (run proper controls)	
General issues	Improperly thawed components	Thaw all components completely and mix gently before use	
	Incorrect incubation times or temperatures	Refer to datasheet & verify the correct incubation times and temperatures	
	Incorrect volumes used	Use calibrated pipettes and aliquot correctly	
	Air bubbles formed in the well/tube	Pipette gently against the wall of the well/tubes	
	Substituting reagents from older kits/ lots	Use fresh components from the same kit	
	Use of a different 96-well plate	Fluorescence: Black plates; Absorbance: Clear plates Page 2	