

Mycoplasma Genomic DNA Kit

(Cat # BN00387 -50, -250; Store at RT)

I. Introduction:

Assay Genie's Mycoplasma Genomic DNA Kit provides a fast and easy method for isolating Genomic DNA from Mycoplasma. The system utilizes the reversible nucleic acid-binding properties of ezBind membrane and the speed of spin column technology to yield high quality Genomic DNA with the OD_{260/280} ratio of 1.7-1.9. Purified DNA is ready for applications such as PCR, Southern Blotting, and Restriction Digestion.

II. Sample Types:

Mycoplasma

III. Kit Contents:

Components	BN00387 50 Preps	BN00387 250 Preps	Part Number
Buffer LY	15 mL	75 mL	BN00387-2
Buffer KB	28 mL	140 mL	BN00387-3
DNA Wash Buffer*	15 mL	3 x 24 mL	BN00387-4
Elution Buffer	15 mL	60 mL	BN00387-5
Protease K	500 μL	5 x 500 µL	BN00387-6
RNase A	260 µL	1.4 mL	BN00387-7

*Add 48.0 mL or 96 mL to each DNA Wash Buffer bottle before use.

IV. User Supplied Reagents and Equipment:

- Tabletop Microcentrifuge
- Nuclease-free 1.5 mL microfuge tubes
- Water bath; Equilibrate sterile ddH₂O water at 65°C
- Absolute (96%-100%) ethanol. Do not use other alcohols
- PBS Buffer

V. Shipment and Storage:

All components of the Mycoplasma Genomic DNA Kit, except the RNase A can be stored at 22°C-25°C. Store RNase A at 4°C. All Mycoplasma Genomic DNA Kit components are guaranteed for at least 12 months from the date of purchase when stored at 22°C -25°C. DO NOT FREEZE!

VI. Reagent Preparation and Storage Conditions:

- Aliquot and store vials of reconstituted Protease K at 20°C.
- Dilute DNA Wash Buffer with absolute ethanol as follows: Add 48 mL or 96 mL of absolute ethanol to each bottle. The final concentration is 70%.
- Under cool ambient conditions, precipitates may form in Buffer LY. In case of such an event, heat the bottle at 37°C to dissolve before use.

VII. Mycoplasma Genomic DNA Protocol:

All centrifugation steps must be carried out at room temperature

1. Transfer the sample to a 1.5 mL tube and bring the volume up to 250 μ L with PBS or Elution Buffer (provided) if the sample volume is less than 250 μ L.

2. Add 25 µL of protease K and 250 µL of Buffer LY. Mix well by vortexing at maximum speed for 10 sec. If RNA-Free genomic DNA is required, add 5 µL of RNase A (provided) to each sample. Note: Precipitates may form in Buffer LY. Dissolve at 37°C before use.

3. Incubate the sample at 65°C for 10 min. Briefly vortex the tube once during incubation.

4. Add 260 µL of absolute ethanol to the lysate. Vortex at maximum speed for 10 sec. Briefly centrifuge the tube to collect any drops from the lid.

5. Transfer the sample to the DNA column, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 30 sec. Discard the collection tube and flow-through.

6. Place the column into a new collection tube. Add 500 µL of Buffer KB, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 30 sec. Discard the collection tube and flow through liquid and put the column back to the collection tube.

7. Add 650 µL of DNA Wash Buffer (Add ethanol before use). Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 30 sec. Discard the collection tube and flow-through liquid. *Note: DNA Wash Buffer is provided as a concentrate and must be diluted with absolute ethanol as indicated on the bottle* using a new 2 mL collection tube, repeat step 7 with another 650 µL DNA Wash Buffer and centrifuge as above. Discard the flow-through.

8. Put the empty column, with the lid open, into the same 2 mL collection tube and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 1 min to dry the column. *Note: Residual ethanol is removed more efficiently with the lid of the column open. It is critical to remove the ethanol before elution.*

9. Place the column into a sterile 1.5 mL microtube, add 100 µL (preheated at 65°C) Elution Buffer. Incubate at RT for 2 min.

10. Centrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 1 min to elute the DNA. The first elution normally yields 60-70% of DNA bound.

11.Optional: Elute the column with another 100 µL (preheated at 65°C) Elution Buffer. The second elution will yield another 20% of the DNA bound



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