



Anti-Adalimumab (Humira[®]) ADA Quantitative ELISA

SKU: HUMB00010

Enzyme immunoassay for the qualitative determination (screening) of antibodies to adalimumab in serum and plasma

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Required Volume (µl)	10
Total Time (min)	140
Sample	Serum, plasma
Sample Number	96
Dedection Limit (ng/mL)	+/-
Spike Recovery (%)	-
Shelf Life (year)	1

Intended Use

The Elisa Genie Antibody to Adalimumab (Humira®) Enzyme-Linked-ImmunoSorbent-Assay (ELISA) Kit is intended for the qualitative determination of antibodies to Adlimumab (Humira®) in serum and plasma. It is for professional use only.

Summary and Explanation

Adalimumab (Humira®) is a tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocker indicated for treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis, Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis, Psoriatic Arthritis, Ankylosing Spondylitis, Crohn's Disease, Plaque Psoriasis.

According to the manufacturer's product insert, the use of Adalimumab (Humira®) was associated to the development of anti-adalimumab antibodies, even some were reported to be neutralizing, in various percentages of patients during therapy with the drug Humira®. This might lead to severe complications. The Elisa Genie Antibody to Adalimumab ELISA Kit can be efficiently used for monitoring antiadalimumab etanercept antibodies during therapy and offers the clinician a tool for decision on possible preventive measures such as possible addition of immunosuppressive drug to reduce anti-adalimumab antibodies.

With this Elisa Genie ELISA test, antibodies to adalimumab can be detected in patients receiving Humira®.

Test Principle

The Elisa Genie Antibody to Adalimumab (Humira®) ELISA is a sandwich assay for the determination of antibodies against adalimumab in serum and plasma samples. During the first incubation period, the drug adalimumab coated on the wall of the microtiter wells captures the antibodies to adalimumab in patient serum and plasma samples. After washing away the unbound components from samples, a Peroxidase-labelled conjugate is added to each well and then incubated. After a second washing step, the bound enzymatic activity is detected by addition of tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) chromogen-substrate. Finally, the reaction is terminated with an acidic stop solution. The intensity of the reaction colour is directly proportional to the concentration of antibodies to Adlimumab in sample.

Warnings and Precautions

1. For professional use only.
2. Before starting the assay, read the instructions completely and carefully. Use the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit. Be sure that everything is understood. For further information (clinical background, test performance, automation protocols, alternative applications, literature, etc.) please refer to the local distributor.
3. Obey lot number and expiry date. Do not mix reagents of different lots. Do not use expired reagents.
4. Follow good laboratory practice and safety guidelines. Wear lab coats, disposable latex gloves and protective glasses where necessary.
5. Reagents of this kit containing hazardous material may cause eye and skin irritations. See MATERIALS SUPPLIED and labels for details.
6. Chemicals and prepared or used reagents have to be treated as hazardous waste according the national biohazard safety guidelines or regulations.
7. Avoid contact with Stop solution. It may cause skin irritations and burns.
8. Some reagents contain sodium azide (NaN_3) as preservatives. In case of contact with eyes or skin, flush immediately with water. NaN_3 may react with lead and copper plumbing to form explosive metal azides. When disposing reagents, flush with large volume of water to avoid azide build-up.
9. All reagents of this test kit containing human serum or plasma have been tested and were found negative for HIV I/II, HBsAg and HCV by FDA approved procedures. However, a presence of these or other infectious agents cannot be excluded absolutely and therefore reagents should be treated as potential biohazards in use and for disposal.

Storage and Stability

The kit is shipped at ambient temperature and should be stored at 2-8°C. Keep away from heat or direct sun light. The storage and stability of specimen and prepared reagents is stated in the corresponding chapters. The strips of microtiter plate is stable up to the expiry date of the kit in the broken, but tightly closed bag when stored at 2-8°C.

Specimen Collection and Storage

Serum, Plasma (EDTA, Heparin)*

The usual precautions for venipuncture should be observed. It is important to preserve the chemical integrity of a blood specimen from the moment it is collected until it is assayed. Do not use grossly hemolytic, icteric or grossly lipemic specimens. Samples appearing turbid should be centrifuged before testing to remove any particulate material.

Storage:	2-8°C	-20°C	Keep away from heat or direct sun light Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles
Stability:	7 d	6 mon	

Materials Supplied

1 x 12 x 8	MTP	Microtiter Plate Break apart strips. Microtiter plate with 12 rows each of 8 wells precoated with adalimumab.
1 x 0.25 mL	RCTV CNTR	Reactive Control Ready-to-use. Contains adalimumab-reactive reagent, human serum, stabilizers and <0.1% NaN ₃ .
1 x 0.5 mL	NEG CNTR	Negative Control Ready-to-use. Contains human serum, stabilizers and <0.1% NaN ₃ .
1 x 12 mL	ASSAY BUF	Assay Buffer Blue coloured. Ready to use. Contains proteins and <0.1% NaN ₃ .
1 x 12 mL	POD CONJ	Peroxidase Conjugate Red coloured. Ready to use. Contains peroxidase (POD) conjugate, stabilizer and preservatives.
1 x 12 mL	TMB SUBS	TMB Substrate Solution Ready to use. Contains TMB
1 x 12 mL	TMB STOP	TMB Stop Solution Ready to use. 1N HCl.
1 x 50 mL	WASHBUF CONC	Wash Buffer, concentrate (20x) Contains Buffer with Tween 20.
2 x 1	ADH FILM	Adhesive Film For covering of Microtiter Plate during incubation.

Materials Required but not Supplied

1. Micropipettes (< 3% CV) and tips to deliver 5-1000 µL.
2. Calibrated measures.
3. Tubes (1 mL) for sample dilution.
4. Wash bottle, automated or semi-automated microtiter plate washing system.
5. Microtiter plate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450/650 nm.
6. ddH₂O or deionised water, paper towels, pipette tips and timer.

Procedure Notes

1. Any improper handling of samples or modification of the test procedure may influence the results. The indicated pipetting volumes, incubation times, temperatures and pre-treatment steps must be performed strictly according to the instructions. Use calibrated pipettes and devices only.
2. Once the test has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Make sure that required reagents, materials and devices are prepared ready at the appropriate time. Allow all reagents and specimens to reach room temperature (18-25 °C) and gently swirl each vial of liquid reagent and sample before use. Mix reagents without foaming.
3. Avoid contamination of reagents, pipettes and wells/tubes. Use new disposable plastic pipette tips for each reagent, standard or specimen. Do not interchange caps. Always cap not used vials. Do not reuse wells/tubes or reagents.
4. Use a pipetting scheme to verify an appropriate plate layout.
5. Incubation time affects results. All wells should be handled in the same order and time sequences. It is recommended to use an 8-channel Micropipettor for pipetting of solutions in all wells.
6. Microplate washing is important. Improperly washed wells will give erroneous results. It is recommended to use a multichannel pipette or an automatic microplate washing system. Do not allow the wells to dry between incubations. Do not scratch coated wells during rinsing and aspiration. Rinse and fill all reagents with care. While rinsing, check that all wells are filled precisely with Wash Buffer, and that there are no residues in the wells.
7. Humidity affects the coated wells/tubes. Do not open the pouch until it reaches room temperature. Unused wells/tubes should be returned immediately to the resealed pouch including the desiccant.

Preparation of Component

Dilute/ dissolve	Component	with	Diluent	Relation	Remarks	Storage	Stability
10 mL	Wash Buffer*	Up to 200 mL	ddH ₂ O	1:20	Warm up at 37°C to dissolve crystals. Mix vigorously.	2-8 °C	2 w

*. Prepare Wash Buffer before starting assay procedure.

Test Procedure

1	Pipette 100µl of Assay Buffer non-exceptionally into each of the wells to be used.
2	Pipette 10 µL of ready-to use Negative Control, Reactive Control, and Samples into the respective wells of microtiter plate. <u>Wells</u> A1: Negative Control B1: Negative Control C1: Reactive Control D1 and so on: Sample (serum/plasma)
3	Cover the plate with adhesive film. Briefly mix contents by gently shaking the plate. Incubate 60 min at room temperature (18-25°C).
4	Remove adhesive film. Discard incubation solution. Wash plate 3 times each with 300 µL of diluted Wash Buffer. Remove excess solution by tapping the inverted plate on a paper towel.
5	Pipette 100 µL of ready-to use Peroxidase Conjugate into each well.
6	Cover the plate with adhesive film. Incubate 60 min at room temperature (18-25°C).
7	Remove adhesive film. Discard incubation solution. Wash plate 3 times each with 300 µL of diluted Wash Buffer. Remove excess solution by tapping the inverted plate on a paper towel.
8	Pipette 100 µL of TMB Substrate Solution into each well.
9	Incubate 20 min (without adhesive foil.) at room temperature (18-25°C) in the dark.
10	Stop the substrate reaction by adding 100 µL of Stop Solution into each well. Briefly mix contents by gently shaking the plate. Colour changes from blue to yellow.
11	Measure optical density with a photometer at 450/650 nm within 30 min after pipetting of the Stop Solution.

Interpretation of Results

For the run to be valid, the OD_{450/650} nm of Positive Control should be ≥ 1.00 and the OD_{450/650} nm of each Negative Control should be <0.200 . If not, improper technique or reagent deterioration may be suspected and the run should be repeated.

The results are evaluated by a cut-off value which is estimated by multiplying the mean OD_{450/650} nm of the negative controls by 3.

E.g.;

If "Sample OD 450/650 the mean OD 450 /650 of Negative Controls is ≥ 3 , the sample is POSITIVE

If "Sample OD 450/650 the mean OD 450/650 of Negative Controls is <3 , the sample is NEGATIVE