



Technical Manual

Human Phosphotyrosine SCFR PharmaGenie ELISA Kit

- Catalogue Code: **SBRS1959**
- Sandwich Principle
- Research Use Only

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Key features and Sample Types

Aliases:

Mast/stem cell growth factor receptor Kit (SCFR) (EC 2.7.10.1) (Piebald trait protein) (PBT) (Proto-oncogene c-Kit) (Tyrosine-protein kinase Kit) (p145 c-kit) (v-kit Hardy-Zuckerman 4 feline sarcoma viral oncogene homolog) (CD antigen CD117)

Gene ID:

3815

Gene Names:

KIT, SCFR

Uniprot:

P10721

Detection method:

Sandwich (Semi-Quantitative)

Sample Type:

Cell Lysates, Tissue Lysates

Reactivity:

Human

Storage:

-20°C for 6 months

Expiry:

See Kit Label

Introduction

Description and Principle

The Assay Genie Sandwich ELISA kit is a highly sensitive assay for the semi-quantitative measurement of a specific analyte in the following samples: serum, blood, plasma, cell culture supernatant and other related supernatants and tissues.

How do our ELISA kits work?

The Assay Genie (enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays) sandwich-based ELISA kit is an in vitro enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the measurement of Human phospho-SCF. An anti-SCF antibody has been coated onto a 96-well plate. Samples are pipetted into the wells and phosphorylated and unphosphorylated SCF present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and biotinylated antiphosphotyrosine antibody is used to detect only tyrosine-phosphorylated protein. After washing away unbound antibody, HRP-conjugated streptavidin is pipetted to the wells. The wells are again washed, a TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of phospho-SCF bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.

Assay Genie's Phosphotyrosine SCF ELISA kit is a very rapid, convenient and sensitive assay kit that can monitor the activation or function of important biological pathways in cell lysates. By determining phosphorylated SCF in your experimental model system, you can verify pathway activation in your cell lysates. You can simultaneously measure numerous different cell lysates without spending excess time and effort in performing a Western Blot analysis.

Storage & Expiry

The entire kit may be stored at -20°C for up to 6 months from the date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. For extended storage, it is recommended to store at -80°C. For prepared reagent storage, see table below.

Kit Contents

Each kit contains reagents for 96 assays including:

No.	Component	96-Well Kit	Storage
1	Microplate coated with anti-pan SCF	8 x 12	1 month at -20°C*
2	Wash Buffer Concentrate (20X)	25ml	1 month at 4°C*
3	Positive Control - JPVS001-2	1 vial	1 week at -80°C
4	Biotinylated anti-phosphotyrosine	2 vials	5 days at 4°C
5	HRP-Streptavidin Concentrate (200X)	200µl	Do not store and reuse.
6	TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent	12ml	N/A
7	Stop Solution (Item I)	8 ml of 0.2 M sulfuric acid	N/A
8	Assay Diluent (5X concentrated buffer)	15ml	1 month at 4°C
9	Cell Lysate Buffer (2X)	5ml	1 month at 4°C

*Return unused wells to the pouch containing desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge.

Additional materials required:

1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
2. Protease and Phosphatase inhibitors.
3. Shaker.
4. Precision pipettes to deliver 2 µl to 1 ml volumes.
5. Adjustable 1-25 ml pipettes for reagent preparation.
6. 100 ml and 1 liter graduated cylinders.
7. Absorbent paper.
8. Distilled or deionized water.
9. Log-log graph paper or computer and software for ELISA data analysis.
10. Tubes to prepare the positive control or sample dilutions.

Sample Preparation

Cell Lysate Preparation: Rinse the cells with PBS, making sure to remove any remaining PBS before adding the lysis buffer. Solubilize cells at 4×10^7 cells/ml in prepared Cell Lysate Buffer (see Reagent Preparation step 3). Pipette up and down to resuspend the pellet. Incubate the lysates with shaking at 2-8°C for 30 minutes. Microcentrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 10 minutes at 2-8°C and transfer the supernatants into a clean test tube. Lysates should be used immediately or aliquoted and stored at -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Thawed lysates should be kept on ice prior to use.

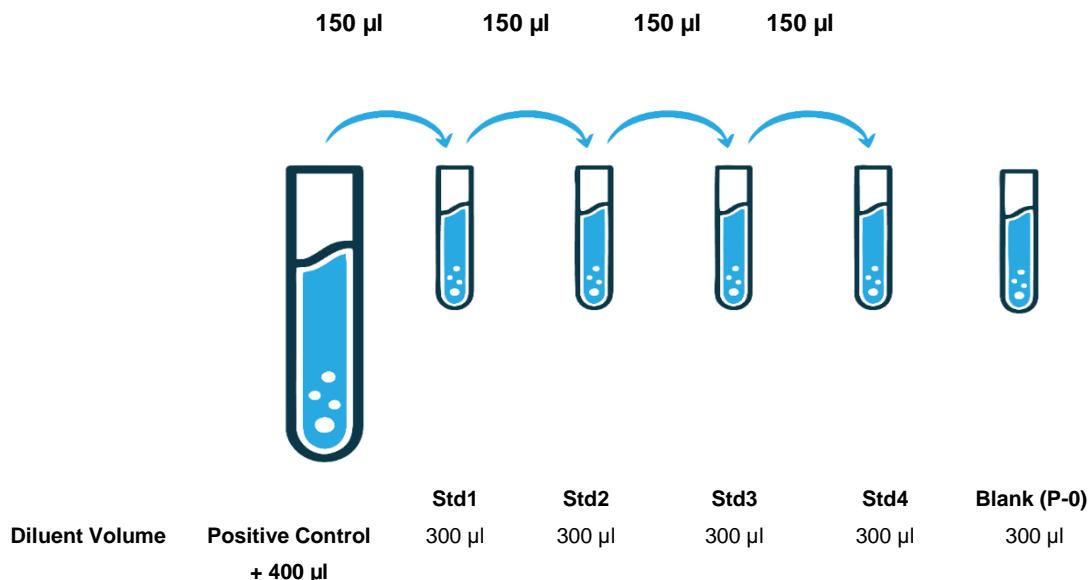
For the initial experiment, we recommend a serial dilution, such as a 5-fold to 100-fold dilution, for your cell lysates with prepared Assay Diluent (see Reagent Preparation step 2) before use.

Note: The fold dilution of sample used depends on the abundance of phosphorylated proteins and should be determined empirically. More of the sample can be used if signals are too weak. If signals are too strong, the sample can be diluted further.

Reagent Preparation

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25°C) before use.
2. Assay Diluent (5X) should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use
3. Cell lysate buffer should be diluted 2-fold with deionized or distilled water (for cell lysate and tissue lysate). We also recommend the addition of protease and phosphatase inhibitors (not included) to the lysis buffer prior to use.
4. Preparation of standard: Briefly spin the Positive Control Vial. Add 400 µl 1X Assay Diluent into Positive Control to prepare a Positive Control solution. Gently mix the powder to allow it to dissolve thoroughly. If a precipitate is seen in the solution after mixing, this can be removed by a quick centrifuge of the positive control vial, and then pipetting the supernate only for the assay. Pipette 300 µl 1X Assay Diluent into each tube. Use the Positive Control solution to produce a dilution series (shown below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. 1X Assay Diluent serves as the blank (P-0).

DILUTION SERIES



5. If the Wash Concentrate (20X) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1X Wash Buffer.

6. Preparation of Biotinylated anti-phosphotyrosine: Briefly spin the vial of Biotinylated anti-phosphotyrosine. Add 100 μl of 1X Assay Diluent into the vial to prepare a phosphotyrosine detection antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently (the concentrate can be stored at 4°C for 5 days or at -80°C for one month). The concentrate should then be diluted 80-fold with 1X Assay Diluent and used in step 4 of the Assay Procedure.

7. Preparation of HRP-Streptavidin: Briefly spin the vial of HRP-Streptavidin concentrate before use. HRP-Streptavidin should be diluted 300-fold with 1X Assay Diluent and used in step 7 of the Assay Procedure.

For example: Briefly spin the vial HRP-Streptavidin Concentrate and pipette up and down to mix gently. Add 50 μl of HRP-Streptavidin concentrate into a tube with 12 ml 1x Assay Diluent to prepare a 300-fold diluted HRP-Streptavidin solution (don't store the diluted solution for next day use). Mix well.

Assay Procedure

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25°C) before use. It is recommended that all standards and samples be run at least in duplicate.
2. Label removable 8-well strips as appropriate for your experiment.
3. Add 100 µl of positive control (see Reagent Preparation step 4) or sample into appropriate wells. Cover wells and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C with gentle shaking.
4. Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1X Wash Solution. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 µl) using a multi-channel Pipette or auto-washer. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
5. Add 100 µl of prepared 1X biotinylated anti-phosphotyrosine (Reagent Preparation step 6) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
6. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 4.
7. Add 100 µl of prepared Streptavidin solution (see Reagent Preparation step 7) to each well. Incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature with gentle shaking.
8. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 4.
9. Add 100 µl of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with gentle shaking.
10. Add 50 µl of Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

Assay Procedure Summary

1. Prepare all reagents, samples and standards as instructed.
2. Add 100 µl positive control or sample to each well. Incubate 2.5 hours at room temperature.
3. Add 100 µl prepared biotin antibody to each well. Incubate 1 hour at room temperature.

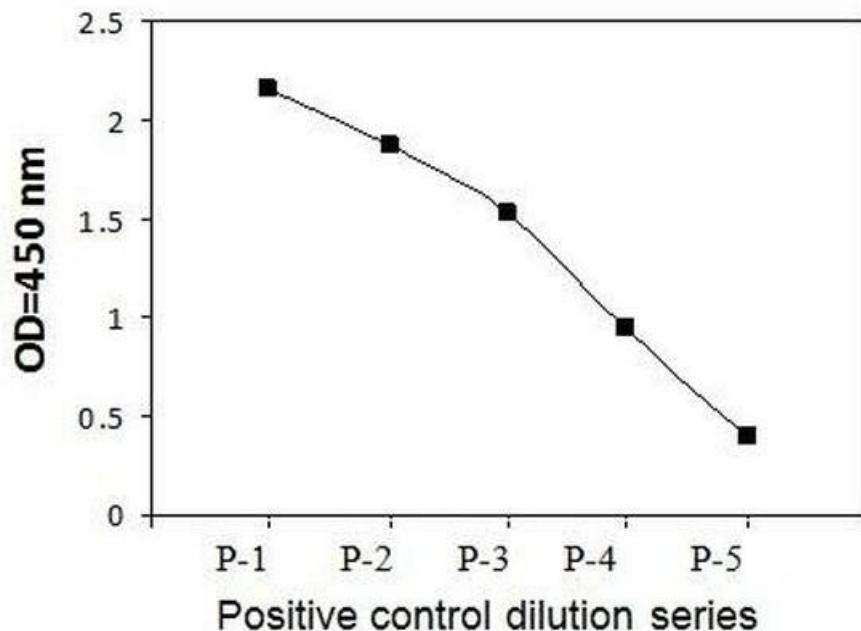
4. Add 100 μ l prepared HRP-Conjugated solution. Incubate 45 minutes at room temperature.
5. Add 100 μ l TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.
6. Add 50 μ l Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

Typical Data

Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate positive controls and samples, and then subtract the average zero (blank) optical density.

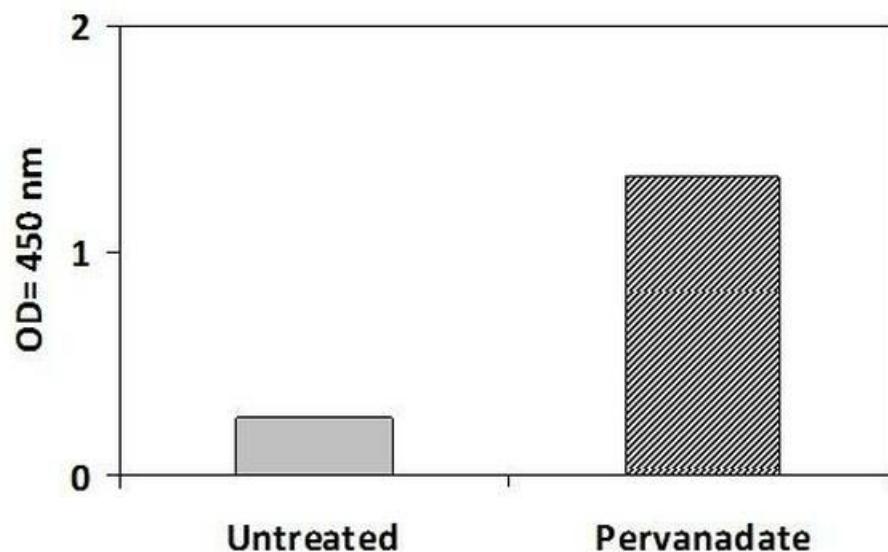
Positive Control

JURKAT cells were treated with Pervanadate at 37°C for 10 min. Cells were solubilised at 4×10^7 cells/ml in lysis buffer. Serial dilutions of lysates were analysed in this ELISA (see Reagent Preparation step 4).



Pervanadate Stimulation of HeLa Cell Line

HeLa cells were untreated or treated with Pervanadate for 10 min at 37°C. Cell lysates were analyzed using this phosphoELISA:



Troubleshooting

Problem	Causes	Solutions
High signal in samples	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Sample concentration is too high	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Reduce sample concentration
Low signal in samples	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Sample concentration is too lowImproper preparation of detection antibodyToo brief incubation timesInadequate reagent volumes or improper dilution	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Increase sample concentrationBriefly spin down vials before opening. Dissolve the powder thoroughly.Ensure sufficient incubation time; assay procedure step 3 may be done overnightCheck pipettes and ensure correct preparation
Large CV	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Inaccurate pipettingAir bubbles in wells	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Check pipettesRemove bubbles in wells
High background	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Plate is insufficiently washedContaminated wash buffer	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Review the manual for proper wash. If using a plate washer, ensure that all ports are unobstructed.Make fresh wash buffer
Low sensitivity	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Improper storage of the ELISA kitStop solutionImproper primary or secondary antibody dilution	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Store your standard at <-70°C after reconstitution, others at 4°C. Keep substrate solution protected from light.Add stop solution to each well before reading plateEnsure correct dilution

Assay Genie 100% money-back guarantee!

If you are not satisfied with the quality of our products and our technical team cannot resolve your problem, we will give you 100% of your money back.

Contact Details



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