

**Technical Manual** 

Homocysteine (Hcy) Colorimetric Assay Kit (Enzyme Circulation Method)

- Catalogue Code: MAES0115
- Size: 100 Assays
- Research Use Only

# **1. Key Features and Sample Types**

### **Detection method:**

Colorimetric method

### **Specification:**

100 Assays

### Range:

0-50 µmol/L

### Storage:

2-8°C for 12 months

### **Expiry:**

See Kit Label

### **Experiment Notes:**

This kit is for **research use only.** 

Instructions should be strictly followed. Changes of operation may result in unreliable results.

The validity of kit is 12 months.

Do not use components from different batches of kit.

## 2. Background

The kit is used for auxiliary diagnosis of related diseases by determining the serum homocysteine concentration. Homocysteine is mainly used as a risk indicator of cardiovascular disease, especially coronary atherosclerosis and myocardial infarction. The increase in homocysteine concentration is proportional to the risk of disease and is an independent risk factor to induce cardiovascular disease.

## 3. Intended Use

The kit is used for the determination of Homocysteine (HCY) in serum samples.

# 4. Detection Principle

Oxidized homocysteine (HCY) is reduced to free homocysteine by triethyl phosphine (TCEP), and the free homocysteine reacts with substrate to generate adenosine. The generated adenosine is immediately dehydrogenated into inosine and ammonia, and the ammonia is further react with NADH under the catalysis of glutamate dehydrogenase to convert NADH to NAD+. The decrease in absorbance at 340 nm caused by the decline of NADH is proportional to the concentration of homocysteine in the sample.

# 5. Kit Components & Storage

Item	Specification	Storage
Working solution 1	37 mL × 2 vials	2-8°C, 12 months, avoid direct sunlight
Working solution 2	10 mL × 2 vials	2-8°C, 12 months, avoid direct sunlight
Homocysteine Standard (0 µmol/L)	1 mL × 1 vial	2-8°C, 12 months,
Homocysteine Standard (28 µmol/L)	1 mL × 1 vial	2-8°C, 12 months,

### Materials required but not supplied

- Micropipettor
- Incubator
- Centrifuge
- Biochemical analyzer (340 nm) or Spectrophotometer (340 nm)
- Tips (10 µL, 200 µL, 1000 µL)
- EP tubes (1.5 mL, 2 mL)
- Double distilled water
- Normal Saline (0.9% NaCl)

## 6. Sample Preparation

Collect the fasting serum by routine method. The sample is stable at 2-8°C for 1 week and stable at -20°C for several months. Do not use serum or plasma containing sodium fluoride. The Sample with hemolysis, turbidity, or severe blood lipid are not suitable for HCY detection. Try to prevent high protein diet before blood collection, which can lead to elevated HCY.

#### **Sample Notes:**

The concentration should be determined before preforming the assay. If the sample concentration is not within the range of the standard curve, users must determine the optimal sample dilutions for their particular experiments.

If the sample type is not included in the manual, a preliminary experiment is suggested to verify the validity.

#### **Dilution of Samples:**

Large variances in results may be seen when performing pre-experiments. Dilute the sample with normal saline according to the result of the pre-experiment and the detection range (0-50  $\mu$ mol/L).

## 7. Assay Protocol

Ambient Temperature: 25-30°C

Optimum detection wavelength: 340 nm

### 8. Operation Steps

#### **Operation Table (Detection with Biochemical analyser)**

Temperature	37°C	Method	Rate method
Reaction direction	Down	Delay time	120 s
Calibration method	Linear	Detection time	120 s
Sample volume	13 µL	Dominant wavelength	340 nm
Working solution 1	240 µL	Auxiliary wavelength	405 nm
Working solution 2	65 µL		

Automatic biochemical analyzer has its own program parameter input language. Reagents matches the analyzer and carry out automatic measurement after the above basic parameters are modified.

Operation Table (Detection with spectrophotometer)				
	Sample tube	Blank tube	Standard tube	
Sample (µL)	39			
Homocysteine Standard (µL)		39		
(0 µmol/L)				
Homocysteine Standard (µL)			39	
(28 µmol/L)				
Working solution 1 (μL)	720	720	720	
Mix fully and incubate at 37°C for 4 min.				
Working solution 2 (μL)	195	195	195	
Mix fully and incubate at 37°C for 2 min. Set the spectrophotometer to zero with distilled water and measure the OD value at 340 nm with a 1 cm optical path cuvette. The OD value				

water and measure the OD value at 340 nm with a 1 cm optical path cuvette. The OD value of 0 min and 2 min were recorded as  $A_1$  and  $A_2$ , respectively.  $\triangle A = A_1 - A_2$ . Calculate  $\triangle A$ /min =  $(A_1 - A_2)/2$  min.

## 9. Calculations

Concentration of HCY  $\left(\frac{\mu mol}{L}\right) =$ 

 $\frac{\triangle A/\min_{\text{Sample}} - \triangle A/\min_{\text{Blank}}}{\triangle A/\min_{\text{Standard}} - \triangle A/\min_{\text{Blank}}} \times \text{CStandard (28 }\mu \text{mol/L})$ 

**ΔA/min:** rate of change in absorbance per minute **C**<sub>standard</sub>: concentration of homocysteine standard , 28 μmol/L

# **10. Performance Characteristics**

Detection Range	0-50 µmol/L	
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### **Safety Notes**

Some of the reagents in the kit contain dangerous substances. Prevent touching skin and clothing.

Wash immediately with plenty of water if touching it carelessly.

All the samples and waste material should be treated according to the relevant rules of laboratory's biosafety.

Before the experiment, read the instructions carefully, and wear gloves and work clothes.

# Notes:

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## **Contact Details**



Email: info@assaygenie.com

Web: www.assaygenie.com