

## Recombinant 2019-nCoV Nucleocapsid Protein (His Tag)

**Catalog No:** RPES0039

**Category:** Recombinant Protein

### Sequence Information

**Species:** Virus

**Sequence:** Met1-Ala419

**Accession:** YP\_009724397.2

**Tag:** C-His

### Product Information

**Synonyms:** 2019-nCoV coronavirus NP Protein; 2019-nCoV np Protein; 2019-nCoV novel coronavirus Nucleoprotein Protein

**Source:** Baculovirus-Insect Cells

**Purity:** > 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin:** < 1.0 EU per µg as determined by the LAL method.

**Formulation:** Lyophilized from sterile 20mM Tris, 500mM NaCl, pH8.0, 10% glycerol.

**Reconstitution:** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

**Storage:** Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping:** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

### Background

Coronaviruses are enveloped viruses with a positive-sense RNA genome and with a nucleocapsid of helical symmetry. Coronavirus nucleoproteins localize to the cytoplasm and the nucleolus, a subnuclear structure, in both virus-infected primary cells and in cells transfected with plasmids that express N protein. Coronavirus N protein is required for coronavirus RNA synthesis, and has RNA chaperone activity that may be involved in template switch. Nucleocapsid protein is a most abundant protein of coronavirus. During virion assembly, N protein binds to viral RNA and leads to formation of the helical nucleocapsid. Nucleocapsid protein is a highly immunogenic phosphoprotein also implicated in viral genome replication and in modulating cell signaling pathways. Because of the conservation of N protein sequence and its strong immunogenicity, the N protein of coronavirus is chosen as a diagnostic tool.

Image

