

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual

Recombinant Human CD16a/FCGR3A Protein (176 Val, His&AVI Tag), Biotinylated(Active) RPES0150

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES0150

Species: Human

Size: 20µg

Uniprot: AAH17865.1

Expression host: HEK293 Cells

Protein Information

Molecular Mass:	25.6 kDa
AP Molecular Mass:	48 kDa
Tag:	C-His & AVI
Bio-activity:	1. Measured by its ability to bind recombinant human IgG1 in a functional ELISA.2. Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized human CD16a- AVI-His at 10 μg/ml (100μl/well) can bind recombinant human IgG1 (Fc) with a linear range of 0.31-5 μg/ml.3. Labeling ratio of biotin to protein: 1.5
Purity:	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU per μg as determined by the LAL method.
Storage:	Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping:	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
Reconstitution:	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Application:	Functional ELISA
Synonyms:	Low Affinity Immunoglobulin Gamma Fc Region Receptor III-A; CD16a Antigen; Fc- Gamma RIII-Alpha; Fc-Gamma RIII; Fc-gamma RIIIa; FcRIII; FcRIIIa; FcR0; IgG Fc Receptor III-2; CD16a; FCGR3A; CD16A; FCG3; FCGR3; IGFR3;CD16;CD16A

Sequence: Met 1-Gln 208

Background:

The Fc receptor with low affinity for IgG (FCGR3, or CD16) is encoded by 2 nearly identical genes, FCGR3A and FCGR3B, resulting in tissue-specific expression of alternative membrane-anchored isoforms. FCGR3A, it is also known as CD16a, encodes a transmembrane protein expressed on activated monocytes/macrophages, natural killer (NK) cells, and a subset of T cells.

CD16a / FCGR3A is a receptor expressed on NK cells that facilitates antibody dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) by binding to the Fc portion of various antibodies. CD16a / FCGR3A also has a broader function. CD16a / FCGR3A is directly involved in the lysis of some virus-infected cells and tumor cells by NK cells, independent of antibody binding. Cross-linking of CD16a / FCGR3A on NK cells resulted in increased intracellular Ca2+ levels and a cascade of biochemical events similar to those activated by the T cell receptor. CD16a / FCGR3A on human NK cells is a lysis receptor that mediates the direct killing of some virus infected and tumor cells, independent of antibody ligation.