



# Recombinant Protein Technical Manual

## Recombinant Mouse CD40/TNFRSF5 Protein (Fc Tag)

RPES0245

### Product Data:

**Product SKU:** RPES0245

**Size:** 10µg

**Species:** Mouse

**Expression host:** Human Cells

**Uniprot:** P27512

### Protein Information:

**Molecular Mass:** 46.5 kDa

**AP Molecular Mass:** 50-58 kDa

**Tag:** C-Fc

**Bio-activity:**

**Purity:** > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin:** < 1.0 EU per µg as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage:** Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping:** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation:** Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.

**Reconstitution:** Please refer to it for detailed information.

**Application:**

**Synonyms:** Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 5; B-cell surface antigen CD40; Bp50; CD40L receptor; CD40; TNFRSF5; I326936; HIGM1; IGM; IMD3; p50; T-BAM; Tnfrsf5; TRAP

## Immunogen Information:

**Sequence:** Leu20-Arg193

## Background:

CD40 is a Type I Transmembrane Glycoprotein that belongs to the TNF Receptor Superfamily. CD40 is expressed in B cells, follicular dendritic cells, dendritic cells, activated monocytes, macrophages, endothelial cells, vascular smooth muscle cells, and several tumor cell lines. The extracellular domain of CD40 is characterized by Cysteine rich repeat regions. Interaction of CD40 with its ligand (CD40L) leads to aggregation of CD40 molecules, which in turn interact with cytoplasmic components to initiate signaling pathways. Several different TRAF proteins (adaptor proteins) have been identified to serve as mediators of the signal transduction. CD40 plays an essential role in mediating a broad variety of immune and inflammatory responses including T cell-dependent immunoglobulin class switching, memory B cell development, and germinal center formation.