

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual

Recombinant Human CD32a/FCGR2A Protein (167 His, His Tag)(Active) RPES0383

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES0383

Species: Human

Size: 50µg

Expression host: CHO Cells

Uniprot: NP_001129691.1

Drotoin	Informer	ations
Protein	IIIOIII	lation:

Molecular Mass:	22 kDa
AP Molecular Mass:	29-32 kDa
Tag:	C-His
Bio-activity:	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized human CD32a- His (R131H) (CHO) at 10 μg/ml (100 μl/well) can bind biotinylated human IgG1, The EC50 of biotinylated human IgG1 is 0.09-0.21 μg/ml.
Purity:	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU per μg as determined by the LAL method.
Storage:	Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping:	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
Reconstitution:	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Application:	Functional ELISA
Synonyms:	Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor II-a; IgG Fc receptor II-a; CDw32; Fc-gamma RII-a; Fc-gamma-RIIa; FcRII-a; CD32; FCGR2A; FCG2; FCGR2A1;IGFR2;CD32A;CDw32;Fc gamma RIIA;FCG2;FcGR;FCGR2

Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Met 1-Ile 218

Background:

Receptors for the Fc region of IgG (FcyR) are members of the Ig superfamily that function in the activation or inhibition of immune responses. Human FcyRs are divided into three classes designated FcyRI (CD64), FcyRII (CD32), and FcyRIII (CD16), which generate multiple isoforms, are recognized. The activating- type receptor either has or associates non-covalently with an accessory subunit that has an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM) in its cytoplasmic domain. FcyRI binds IgG with high affinity and functions during early immune responses, whereas FcyRII and RIII are low affinity receptors that recognize IgG as aggregates surrounding multivalent antigens during late immune responses. Three genes for human FcyRII (A, B, and C) and one for mouse (FcyRIIB), encoding type I transmembrane proteins with ITAM motifs (FcyRII A and C) or ITIM motifs (FcyRIIB) in their cytoplasmic domains, have been identified. Human CD32, also known as Low affinity immunoglobulin y Fc region receptor II-a (IgG Fc receptor II-a), FcyRII A or FCGR2A Protein, is expressed on cells of both myeloid and lymphoid lineages as well as on cells of non-hematopoietic origin. Associated with an ITAM-bearing adapter subunit, FcRy, CD32a (FcyRII A) delivers an activating signal upon ligand binding, and results in the initiation of inflammatory responses including cytolysis, phagocytosis, degranulation, and cytokine production. The responses can be modulated by signals from the co-expressed inhibitory receptors such as Fcy RII B, and the strength of the signal is dependent on the ratio of expression of the activating and inhibitory receptors.