



Recombinant Protein Technical Manual  
Recombinant Human N-Glycosylase/OGG1 Protein  
(GST Tag)  
RPES0472

### Product Data:

**Product SKU:** RPES0472

**Size:** 10µg

**Species:** Human

**Expression host:** E. coli

**Uniprot:** O15527

### Protein Information:

**Molecular Mass:** 65.1 kDa

**AP Molecular Mass:** 66 kDa

**Tag:** N-GST

**Bio-activity:**

**Purity:** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin:** < 1.0 EU per µg as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage:** Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

**Shipping:** This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < -20°C.

**Formulation:** Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM TrisHCl, 100mM NaCl, 1mM DTT, 1mM EDTA, 50% Glycerol, pH 7.8.

**Reconstitution:** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

**Application:**

**Synonyms:** N-Glycosylase/DNA Lyase; 8-Oxoguanine DNA Glycosylase; DNA-(Apurinic or Apyrimidinic Site) Lyase; AP Lyase; OGG1; MMH; MUTM; OGH1

## Immunogen Information:

**Sequence:** Met 1-Gly345

## Background:

Human N-Glycosylase/DNA Lyase(OOG1) is a DNA repair enzyme, which belongs to the type OGG1 family. OOG1 incises DNA at 8-oxoG residues, and excises 7,8-dihydro-8-oxoguanine and 2,6-diamino-4-hydroxy-5-N-methylformamidopyrimidine (FAPY) from damage DNA. It has a  $\beta$ -lyase activity that nicks DNA 3' to the lesion. OOG1 together with APEX1 is recruited to nuclear speckles in UVA-irradiated cells. The OGG1 gene mutations may be caused Renal cell carcinoma.