

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Human JAM-A/F11R Protein (Fc

Tag)(Active)

## Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES0523

**Size:** 50µg

Species: Human

Expression host: HEK293 Cells

**Uniprot:** NP\_058642.1

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Molecular Mass:	50 kDa	
AP Molecular Mass:	61 kDa	
Tag:	C-Fc	
Bio-activity:	Measured by the ability of the immobilized protein to support the adhesion of Jurkat human acute T cell leukemia cells. When 8 x 104 cells/well are added to JAM-A-Fc coated plates (2.5μg/mL, 100 μL/well)in the presence of 20 ng/mL PMA, approximately 30-40% will adhere after 30 minutes at 37°C.	
Purity:	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.	
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU per $\mu g$ as determined by the LAL method.	
Storage:	Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.	
Shipping:	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.	
Formulation:	Lyophilized from sterile 100mM Glycine, 10mM NaCl, 50mM Tris, pH 7.5	
Reconstitution:	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.	
Application:		
Synonyms:	Junctional Adhesion Molecule A; JAM-A; Junctional Adhesion Molecule 1; JAM; Platelet F11 Receptor; Platelet Adhesion Molecule 1; PAM; CD321; F11R; JAM1; JCAM;JAMA;JCAM;KAT	

## Sequence: Met 1-Ala 242

## **Background:**

Junctional adhesion molecule-A (JAM-A), also known as F11 receptor (F11R) or Cluster of Differentiation 321 (CD321), is a transmembrane protein expressed at tight junctions of epithelial and endothelial cells, as well as on circulating leukocytes. JAM-A protein serves as a serotype-independent receptor for mammalian orthoreoviruses (reoviruses). It is also a ligand for the integrin LFA1, involves in leukocyte transmigration. As a cell adhesion molecule of the immunoglobulin superfamily, JAM-A protein involves in platelet adhesion, secretion and aggregation, and plays a crucial role in inflammatory thrombosis and atherosclerosis. In addition, it may be a potential therapeutic target for breast cancer.