



Recombinant Protein Technical Manual
Recombinant Human CD159a/KLRC1 Protein (His Tag)(Active)
RPES0549

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES0549

Size: 10 μ g

Species: Human

Expression host: Human Cells

Uniprot: P26715

Protein Information:

Molecular Mass: 16.5 kDa

AP Molecular Mass: 25-40 kDa

Tag: N-8His

Bio-activity: Immobilized Human NKG2A-His at 10 μ g/ml(100 μ l/well) can bind Biotinylated Human CD94-His(Cat: PKSH032785). The ED50 of Human NKG2A-His is 18 μ g/mL.

Purity: > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin: < 1.0 EU per μ g as determined by the LAL method.

Storage: Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping: This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.

Reconstitution: Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Application: Functional ELISA

Synonyms: NKG2-A/NKG2-B type II integral membrane protein; CD159 antigen-like family member A; NK cell receptor A; NKG2-A/B-activating NK receptor; CD159a; KLRC1; NKG2A

Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Arg100-Leu233

Background:

NKG2-A/NKG2-B Type II Integral Membrane Protein contains 1 C-type lectin domain and belongs to the killer cell lectin-like receptor family. The killer cell lectin-like receptor family is a group of transmembrane proteins preferentially expressed in NK cells. Members of this proteins is characterized by the type II membrane orientation and the presence of a C-type lectin domain. NKG2 is expressed only in NK-cells, but not in T-cells or B-cells. It has been shown that NKG2 represents a family of related cDNA clones, designated NKG2A, NKG2B, NKG2C, and NKG2D, which encode type 2 integral membrane proteins (extracellular C-terminus) containing a C-type lectin domain. NKG2 plays a role as a receptor for the recognition of MHC class I HLA-E molecules by NK cells and some cytotoxic T-cells. NKG2A and NKG2B have been given the designation CD159a in the nomenclature of CD antigens.