

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Human HEPACAM Protein (His Tag) RPES0567

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES0567

Species: Human

Size: 10µg Expression host: Human Cells

Uniprot: Q14CZ8

| Protein | Intorn | nation |
|---------|--------|--------|
| IIUUU | | Iauvii |

| Molecular Mass: | 24.1 kDa |
|--------------------|--|
| AP Molecular Mass: | 40 kDa |
| Tag: | C-6His |
| Bio-activity: | |
| Purity: | > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. |
| Endotoxin: | < 1.0 EU per μg as determined by the LAL method. |
| Storage: | Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months. |
| Shipping: | This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. |
| Formulation: | Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.2. |
| Reconstitution: | Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information. |
| Application: | |
| Synonyms: | Hepatocyte Cell Adhesion Molecule; Protein HepaCAM; HEPACAM |

Sequence: Val34-Ser240

Background:

Hepatocyte Cell Adhesion Molecule (HEPACAM) is a single-pass type I membrane protein that localizes to the cytoplasmic side of the cell membrane. HEPACAM includes a signal sequence (amino acid 1-33), an extracellular region (amino acid 34-240) with one Ig-like C2-type domain and one Ig-like V-type domain, a transmembrane segment (amino acid 241-261), and a cytoplasmic domain (amino acid 262 - 416). The cytoplasmic domain plays an important role in regulation of cell-matrix adhesion and cell motility. HEPACAM acts as a homodimer and dimer formation occurs predominantly through cis interactions on the cell surface. HEPACAM is involved in cell motility and cell-matrix interactions. The expression of this gene is down-regulated or undetectable in many cancer cell lines, so this may be a tumor suppressor gene.