



Recombinant Protein Technical Manual
Recombinant Mouse PD-L1/B7-H1/CD274 Protein
(His Tag)
RPES0669

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES0669

Size: 10µg

Species: Mouse

Expression host: Human Cells

Uniprot: NP_068693.1

Protein Information:

Molecular Mass: 25.6 kDa

AP Molecular Mass: 39-58 kDa

Tag: C-6His

Bio-activity:

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin: < 1.0 EU per µg as determined by the LAL method.

Storage: Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping: This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.4.

Reconstitution: Please refer to it for detailed information.

Application:

Synonyms: Programmed cell death 1 ligand 1Cd274; programmed cell death 1 ligand 1;PD-L1;PDCD1 ligand 1;programmed death ligand 1;B7 homolog 1;B7-H1;CD274;B7h1;Pcdcd1l1;Pcdcd1lg1;Pdl1

Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Phe19-Thr238

Background:

Mouse Programmed cell death 1 ligand 1 (Cd274, PD-L1), is a member of the growing B7 family of immune proteins. It involved in the costimulatory signal essential for T-cell proliferation and IFNG production in a PDCD1-independent manner. Interaction with PDCD1 inhibits T-cell proliferation by blocking cell cycle progression and cytokine production. B7-H1 has been identified as one of two ligands for programmed death1 (PD1), a member of the CD28 family of immunoreceptors. B7-H1 is constitutively expressed in several organs such as heart, skeletal muscle B7-H1 expression is upregulated in a small fraction of activated T and B cells and a much larger fraction of activated monocytes. The costimulatory function of B7-H1 is critical for enhancing maturation and differentiation of T-cells in lymphoid organs. B7-H1 expression is also induced in dendritic cells and keratinocytes after IFN gamma stimulation. Interaction of B7-H1 with PD1 results in inhibition of TCR-mediated proliferation and cytokine production. The B7-H1:PD1 pathway is involved in the negative regulation of some immune responses and may play an important role in the regulation of peripheral tolerance.