

# Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Human UBE2I/UBC9 Protein

**RPES0779** 

#### **Product Data:**

**Product SKU:** RPES0779 **Size:** 50μg

Species: Human Expression host: E. coli

**Uniprot: P63279** 

### **Protein Information:**

**Molecular Mass:** 

AP Molecular Mass: 18 kDa

Tag:

**Bio-activity:** 

**Purity:** > 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin:** Please contact us for more information.

**Storage:** Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping:** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation: Lyophilized from sterile PBS, 10% glycerol, 2mM DTT, pH 7.4

**Reconstitution:** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

**Application:** 

**Synonyms:** SUMO-Conjugating Enzyme UBC9; SUMO-Protein Ligase; Ubiquitin Carrier Protein

9; Ubiquitin Carrier Protein I; Ubiquitin-Conjugating Enzyme E2 I; Ubiquitin-Protein

Ligase I; p18; UBE2I; UBC9; UBCE9

## Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Met 1-Ser 158

## **Background:**

UBE2I is a member of the ubiquitin-conjugating E2 family whose members perform the second step in the ubiquitination reaction. Initially identified as the main process for protein degradation, ubiquitination is believed nowadays to be crucial for a wider range of cellular processes. The outcome of the ubiquitin-conjugation reaction, and thereby the fate of the substrate, is heavily dependent on the number of ubiquitin molecules attached and how these ubiquitin molecules are inter-connected. To deal with this complexity and to allow adequate ubiquitination in time and space, a highly sophisticated conjugation machinery has been developed. In a sequential manner, ubiquitin becomes activated by an ubiquitin-activating enzyme (E1), which then transfers the ubiquitin to a group of ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes (E2s). Next, ubiquitin-loaded E2s are interacting with ubiquitin protein ligases (E3s) and ubiquitin is conjugated to substrates on recruitment by the E3. These three key enzymes are operating in a hierarchical system, wherein two E1s and 35 E2s have been found and hundreds of E3s have been identified in humans.