

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Mouse PD/PDCD1 Protein (His Tag) RPES0814

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES0814

Species: Mouse

Size: 10µg

Expression host: Human Cells

Uniprot: Q02242

Protein	Intorm	ation

Molecular Mass:	17.2 kDa
AP Molecular Mass:	33-40 kDa
Tag:	C-His
Bio-activity:	
Purity:	> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU per μg as determined by the LAL method.
Storage:	Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping:	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of 20mM Tris,150mM NaCl,pH8.0.
Reconstitution:	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Application:	
Synonyms:	Programmed cell death protein 1;PD;CD279;Pdcd1;mPD

Sequence: Leu25-Gln167

Background:

Programmed Death (PD), firstly cloned from mouse T cell hybridoma 2B4.11, is one member of CD28/CTLA-4 superfamily. PD belongs to type I transmembrane protein and acts as an important immunosuppressive molecule. The cytoplamsic tail of PD contains two structural motifs, an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM) and an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based switch motif (ITSM) formed by two tyrosine residues which make the difference in PD signal mediating. Mouse PD is expressed in thymus and shares about 69% aa sequence identity with human PD. Recently, programmed death (PD) with its ligands, programmed death ligand B7H1 (PD-L1) and B7DC (PD-L2), was found to regulate T-cell activation and tolerance, upon ligand binding, inhibiting T-cell effector functions in an antigen-specific manner. PD gene knocked out mice would induce some autoimmune diseases, which suggests that PD acts as a co-inhibitory molecule actively participating in maintaining peripheral tolerance. Thus, PD may be a useful target for the immunologic therapy of carcinoma, infection, autoimmune diseases as well as organ transplantation.