

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Human ADK Protein (His & GST Tag) RPES0834

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES0834	Size: 50μg
Species: Human	Expression host: Baculovirus-Insect Cells

Uniprot: AAH03568.1

Protein Information:

Molecular Mass:	68 kDa
AP Molecular Mass:	60 kDa
Tag:	N-His & GST
Bio-activity:	
Purity:	> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU per μg as determined by the LAL method.
Storage:	Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping:	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at<-20°C.
Formulation:	Supplied as sterile 50mM Tris, 100mM NaCl, pH 8.0, 10% gly, 0.3mM DTT
Reconstitution:	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Application:	
Synonyms:	АК

Sequence: Met 1-His 345

Background:

Adenosine kinase(ADK) belongs to the family of transferases. Adenosine kinase (ADK) is the key enzyme in adenosine metabolism and catalyzes ATP and adenosine into two products: ADP and AMP. Two isoforms of the enzyme adenosine kinase (ADK), which differ at their N-terminal ends, are found in mammalian cells. It has been shown that the two ADK isoforms differ only in their first exons and the promoter regions; hence they arise via differential splicing of their first exons with the other exons common to both isoforms. In adult brain, ADK is primarily present in astrocytes. Several lines of experimental evidence support a critical role of ADK in different types of brain injury associated with astrogliosis, which is also a prominent morphologic feature of temporal lobe epilepsy (TLE). It has been suggested that dysregulation of ADK in astrocytes is a common pathologic hallmark of TLE. Moreover, in vitro data suggest the existence of an additional layer of modulatory crosstalk between the astrocyte-based adenosine cycle and inflammation. ADK also contributes to CK homeostasis in vivo.