

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Human CD10/Neprilysin Protein (His Tag) RPES0849

Product Data:

Product	SKU:	RPES0849
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Size: 10µg

Species: Human

Expression host: Human Cells

Uniprot: P08473

Protein Information:

Molecular Mass:	80.9 kDa
AP Molecular Mass:	9400 kDa
Tag:	N-His
Bio-activity:	
Purity:	> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU per μg as determined by the LAL method.
Storage:	Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping:	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice. Upon receipt, store it immediately at<-20°C.
Formulation:	Supplied as a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.
Reconstitution:	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Application:	
Synonyms:	Neprilysin; Atriopeptidase; Common acute lymphocytic leukemia antigen; CALLA; Enkephalinase; Neutral endopeptidase 24.11; NEP; Neutral endopeptidase; Skin fibroblast elastase; SFE; CD10; MME; EPN;CALLA

Sequence: Tyr52-Trp750

Background:

Neprilysin/CD10(NEP) is a zinc metallopeptidase expressed at the cell surface of a variety of cells. The functions is both as an endopeptidase with a thermolysin-like specificity and as a dipeptidyl-carboxypeptidase. NEP has been shown to be involved in the degradation of enkephalins in the mammalian brain and the inactivation of circulating atrial natriuretic peptide. NEP has also been identified as the common acute lymphocytic leukemia antigen (CALLA), and is expressed on the surface of lymphocytes in some disease states. These and other observations have resulted in considerable interest in NEP as a target for analgesics and antihypertensive drugs. NEP is also a major degrading enzyme of amyloid β peptide (A β) in the brain, indicating that down-regulation of NEP activity, which could be caused by aging, can contribute to the development of Alzheimer's disease by promoting A β accumulation.