

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Human PD-L1/B7-H1/CD274 Protein (Fc Tag) RPES1505

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES1505 **Size:** 10μg

Species: Human Cells

Uniprot: Q9NZQ7

Protein Information:

Molecular Mass: 52.4 kDa

AP Molecular Mass: 70-80 kDa

Tag: C-Fc

Bio-activity:

Purity: > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin: $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu\text{g}$ as determined by the LAL method.

Storage: Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping: This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH7.4.

Reconstitution: Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Application:

Synonyms: Programmed Cell Death 1 Ligand 1; PD-L1; PDCD1 Ligand 1; Programmed Death

Ligand 1; B7 Homolog 1; B7-H1; CD274; B7H1; PDCD1L1; PDCD1LG1; PDL1

Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Phe19-Thr 239

Background:

CD274, also known as B7-H1 or programmed death ligand 1 (PD-L1), is a 40 kD type I transmembrane protein and a member of the B7 family within the immunoglobulin receptor superfamily. Programmed death ligand (PD-L1, CD274, B7-H1) has been identified as the ligand for the immunoinhibitory receptor programmed death(PD1/PDCD1) and has been demonstrated to play a role in the regulation of immune responses and peripheral tolerance. By binding to PD1 on activated T-cells and B-cells, PD-L1 may inhibit ongoing T-cell responses by inducing apoptosis and arresting cell-cycle progression. Accordingly, it leads to growth of immunogenic tumor growth by increasing apoptosis of antigen specific T cells and may contribute to immune evasion by cancers. PD-L1 thus is regarded as promising therapeutic target for human autoimmune disease and malignant cancers.