

# Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Human TNFR1/TNFRSF1A Protein (Fc Tag) RPES1584

### **Product Data:**

**Product SKU:** RPES1584 **Size:** 10μg

Species: Human Cells

**Uniprot:** P19438

### **Protein Information:**

Molecular Mass: 47.2 kDa

AP Molecular Mass: 60 kDa

Tag: C-Fc

**Bio-activity:** 

**Purity:** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin:**  $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu\text{g}$  as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage:** Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping:** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation:** Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.

**Reconstitution:** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Application:

**Synonyms:** Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A; Tumor necrosis factor

receptor 1;TNF-R1;Tumor necrosis factor receptor type I;TNF-RI;TNFR-I;TNFAR;

TNFR1

# Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Leu30-Thr 211

# Background:

Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A (TNFRSF1A) is a member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily. TNFRSF1A is one of the major receptors for the tumor necrosis factor-alpha. It can activate the transcription factor NF-κB, mediate apoptosis, and function as a regulator of inflammation. Antiapoptotic protein BCL2-associated athanogene 4 (BAG4/SODD) and adaptor proteins TRADD and TRAF2 have been shown to interact with this receptor, and thus play regulatory roles in the signal transduction mediated by the receptor. Germline mutations of the extracellular domains of this receptor were found to be associated with the human genetic disorder called tumor necrosis factor associated periodic syndrome (TRAPS) or periodic fever syndrome.