

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Mouse EpCAM/TROP Protein (Fc Tag)(Active)

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES1771

Species: Mouse

Size: 10µg

RPES1771

Expression host: Human Cells

Uniprot: Q99JW5

Protein Information:	
Molecular Mass:	54.8 kDa
AP Molecular Mass:	60-80 kDa
Tag:	C-Fc
Bio-activity:	Immobilized Human CTSL2-His(Cat: PKSH032183) at 10μg/ml(100 μl/well) can bind Mouse EpCAM-Fc.
Purity:	> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU per μg as determined by the LAL method.
Storage:	Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping:	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.
Reconstitution:	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Application:	Functional ELISA
Synonyms:	Neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor-related 1; receptor tyrosine kinase-like orphan receptor 1; ROR1;tyrosine-protein kinase transmembrane receptor ROR1; Epithelial cell adhesion molecule; Tumor-associated calcium signal transducer 1;TROP1;CD326;EGP;EGP-2;Egp314;Ep-CAM;EpCAM1;GA733- 2;gp40;Ly74;Tacsd1;Tacstd1

Sequence: Gln24-Thr266

Background:

ROR1, also known as Neurotrophic tyrosine kinase, receptor-related 1, belongs to the ROR subfamily of Tyr protein kinase family, a protein kinase superfamily. It has very low kinase activity in vitro and is unlikely to function as a tyrosine kinase in vivo. Human ROR1 is a type I transmembrane protein with 937 amino acids (aa) in length. It contains a 29 aa signal sequence, a 377 aa extracellular domain (ECD), a 21 aa transmembrane segment, and a 510 aa cytoplasmic region. Human ROR1 shares 97% and 58% aa sequence identity with mouse ROR1 and human ROR2, respectively. ROR1 may act as a receptor for wnt ligand WNT5A which may result in the inhibition of WNT3A-mediated signaling. ROR1 expressed strongly in human heart, lung and kidney, but weakly in the CNS. Its Isoform Short is strongly expressed in fetal and adult CNS and in a variety of human cancers, including those originating from CNS or PNS neuroectoderm.