Recombinant Protein Technical Manual

Recombinant Human KIR2DL3 Protein (His Tag)

RPES1848

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES1848

Size: 10µg

Species: Human

Expression host: Human Cells

Uniprot: AAX23102.1

Protein Information:

Molecular Mass: 25.4 kDa

AP Molecular Mass: 35-50 kDa

Tag: C-6His

Bio-activity:

Purity: > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin: < 1.0 EU per µg as determined by the LAL method.

Storage: Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8℃ for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20℃ for 3 months.

Shipping: This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.

Reconstitution: Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Application:

Synonyms: Killer Cell Immunoglobulin-Like Receptor 2DL3; CD158 Antigen-Like Family Member B2; KIR-023GB; Killer Inhibitory Receptor cl 2-3; MHC Class I NK Cell Receptor; NKAT2a; NKAT2b; Natural Killer-Associated Transcript 2; NKAT-2; p58 Natural Killer Cell Receptor Clone CL-6; p58 NK Receptor CL-6; p58.2 MHC Class-I-Specific NK Receptor; CD158b2; KIR2DL3; CD158B2; KIRCL23; NKAT2;KIR-K7b;KIR-K7c;KIR2DS5;KIRCL23;MGC129943;NKAT;NKAT2;NKAT2A;NKAT2B

Immunogen Information:

Sequence: His22-His245

Background:

Killer-Cell Immunoglobulin-Like Receptors (KIRs) are important cells of the immune system. KIRs are a family of Natural Killer (NK) Cells surface glycoproteins. KIRs control the killing function of these cells by interacting with MHC class I molecules. This interaction allows KIRs to identify virally infected cells or tumor cells by the distinctive low level of Class I MHC on their surface. The majority of KIRs are inhibitory, their recognition of MHC suppresses the cytotoxic activity of their NK cell. Only a limited number of KIRs have the capacity to activate cells. KIR2DL3 is an inhibitory Killer Cell Ig-like Receptor. KIR2DL3 recognizes class I MHC molecules (HLA-Cw1, -Cw3, -Cw7, and Cw8). KIR2DL3 inhibits the activity of NK cells thus preventing cell lysis.