

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Mouse IFNAR1/IFNAR Protein (His Tag)(Active)

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES2564	<b>Size:</b> 50µg

**RPES2564** 

Species: Mouse

Expression host: HEK293 Cells

**Uniprot:** NP\_034638.2

<b>Protein</b>	Intorm	hation
11000111		

Molecular Mass:	47 kDa
AP Molecular Mass:	55-60 kDa
Tag:	C-His
Bio-activity:	Measured by its ability to inhibit mIFNB1-mediated protection of L929 mouse fibroblast cells infected with vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV) to viral lysis. The ED50 for this effect is typically 0.2µg/mL.
Purity:	> 96 % as determined by SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU per $\mu g$ of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage:	Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping:	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
Reconstitution:	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Application:	
Synonyms:	CD118;Ifar;Ifnar;Ifrc;Infar

## Sequence: Met 1-Thr 429

## Background:

Interferon-alpha/beta receptor alpha chain (IFNAR1) is a type I membrane protein that forms one of the two chains of a receptor for interferons alpha and beta. Binding and activation of the receptor stimulates Janus protein kinases, which in turn phosphorylate several proteins, including STAT1 and STAT2. The encoded protein also functions as an antiviral factor. Tyk2 slows down IFNAR1 degradation and that this is due, at least in part, to inhibition of IFNAR1 endocytosis. Mutant versions of IFNAR1, in which Tyr466 is changed to phenylalanine, can act in a dominant negative manner to inhibit phosphorylation of STAT2. These observations are consistent with a model in which IFNAR1 mediates the interaction between JAK kinases and the STAT transcription factors.