

# Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Human LAIR1 Protein (Fc Tag)

**RPES2634** 

#### **Product Data:**

**Product SKU:** RPES2634 **Size:** 50μg

Species: Human Expression host: HEK293 Cells

Uniprot: Q6GTX8.1

### **Protein Information:**

Molecular Mass: 42.8 kDa

**AP Molecular Mass:** 

Tag: C-Fc

**Bio-activity:** 

**Purity:** >(86.1+10.4) % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. .

**Endotoxin:**  $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu\text{g}$  as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage:** Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping:** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation:** Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

**Reconstitution:** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Application:

**Synonyms:** Leukocyte-Associated Immunoglobulin-Like Receptor 1; LAIR; hLAIR1; CD305;

LAIR1

## Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Met 1-Tyr165

## Background:

Leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor (LAIR1) is a surface molecule expressed on human mononuclear leukocytes that functions as an inhibitory receptor on human NK cells. In addition to NK cells, LAIR1 is expressed on T cells, B cells, macrophages, and dendritic cells. It is predicted to mediate inhibitory functions based on the presence of immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motifs (ITIMs) in its cytoplasmic domain. Cross-linking of LAIR1 on human T cell clones results in inhibition of cytotoxicity only in T cell clones that lack CD28 and are able to spontaneously lyse certain targets in vitro. Moreover, the cytolytic activity of freshly isolated T cells, which is thought to be mainly due to "effector" T cells, can be inhibited by anti-LAIR1 mAb. Thus, LAIR1 functions as an inhibitory receptor not only on NK cells, but also on human T cells. This indicates that LAIR1 provides a mechanism of regulation of effector T cells and may play a role in the inhibition of unwanted bystander responses mediated by Ag-specific T cells.