

## Recombinant Protein Technical Manual

# Recombinant Human CD112/Nectin-2 Protein (Active) RPES2943

#### **Product Data:**

**Product SKU:** RPES2943 **Size:** 50μg

Species: Human Expression host: HEK293 Cells

**Uniprot:** NP\_002847.1

#### **Protein Information:**

Molecular Mass: 36.2 kDa

AP Molecular Mass: 48 kDa

Tag:

Bio-activity: Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized human CD112 at

10 μg/ml (100 μl/well) can bind human DNAM1-Fch with a linear range of 1.250

μg/ml.

**Purity:** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin:** < 1.0 EU per μg as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage:** Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping:** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation: Lyophilized from sterile 100mM Glycine, 10mM NaCl, 50mM Tris, pH 7.5

**Reconstitution:** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

**Application:** Functional ELISA

**Synonyms:** Poliovirus Receptor-Related Protein 2; Herpes Virus Entry Mediator B; Herpesvirus

Entry Mediator B; HveB; Nectin-2; CD112; PVRL2; HVEB; PRR2

## Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Met 1-Leu 360

### Background:

Cluster of Differentiation 112 (CD112), also known as poliovirus receptor related protein 2 (PVRL2 or PRR2), is a single-pass type I transmembrane glycoprotein belonging to the Immunoglobulin superfamily. CD112 protein also serves as an entry for certain mutant strains of herpes simplex virus and pseudorabies virus, and thus is involved in cell to cell spreading of these viruses. CD112 protein has been identified as the ligand for DNAM (CD226), and the interaction of CD226/CD112 protein can induce NK cell- and CD8+ T cell-mediated cytotoxicity and cytokine secretion. CD112 has been regarded as a critical component in allergic reactions, and accordingly may function as a novel target for anti-allergic therapy.