

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual

Recombinant Mouse Cystatin 7/CST7 Protein (Fc Tag)(Active) RPES3541

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES3541 **Size:** 10μg

Species: Mouse Expression host: HEK293 Cells

Uniprot: 089098

Protein Information:

Molecular Mass: 41.4 kDa

AP Molecular Mass: 42 kDa

Tag: C-Fc

Bio-activity: Measured by its ability to inhibit active Cathepsin L cleavage of a fluorogenic

peptide substrate Z-LR-AMC, R&D Systems, Catalog # ES008. The IC50 is < 6 nM.

Purity: > 93 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin: $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu \text{g}$ of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage: Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping: This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation: Lyophilized from sterile 25mM Tris, 0.15M NaCl, pH 7.5

Reconstitution: Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Application:

Synonyms: Cystatin-F; Cystatin-like Metastasis-Associated Protein; Leukocystatin; CMAP;

Cystatin-7; Cst7

Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Met1-Gln144

Background:

The cystatin superfamily members are important natural cysteine protease inhibitors present in a wide variety of organisms and are divided into three classes. Cystatin F, also known as leukocystatin and CMAP (Cystatin-like Metastasis-Associated Protein), is a type 2 cystatin and its expression is limited to hematopoietic cells, with the highest expression levels being observed in monocytes, dendritic cells, and certain types of T-cells. Furthermore, cystatin F mRNA becomes up-regulated during dendritic cell maturation, and thus suggests a specific role of cystatin F in immune regulation. Cystatin F is produced as a dimer, an inactive cathepsin inhibitor which is activated by chemical reduction. In addition, Cystatin F and its homologues have been observed expressing in various human cancer cell lines established from malignant tumors, and thus indicates a new diagnosis and prevention approach of certain human carcinomas metastasis.