

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Human NKG2D/CD314 Protein (His Tag)(Active) RPES3681

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES3681	Size: 10µg
-----------------------	-------------------

Species: Human

Expression host: Human Cells

Uniprot: P26718

Protein	Intorm	nation
		Iauon

Molecular Mass:	16.9 kDa
AP Molecular Mass:	20-30 kDa
Tag:	N-6His
Bio-activity:	Immobilized Human NKG2D-His at 10μg/ml(100 μl/well) can bind Human MICA- Fc(Cat: PKSH032753). The ED50 of Human NKG2D-His is 19.8 ug/ml .
Purity:	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU per μg as determined by the LAL method.
Storage:	Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping:	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.
Reconstitution:	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Application:	Functional ELISA
Synonyms:	CD314; KLRK1;CD314 antigen;Killer cell lectin-like receptor subfamily K member 1; killer cell lectin-like receptor subfamily K; member 1; KLR; NK cell receptor D; NKG2-D; NKG2-D type II integral membrane protein; NKG2-D-activating NK recepto

Sequence: Phe78-Val216

Background:

NKG2-D type II integral membrane protein (NKG2D) is a type II transmembrane glycoprotein which belongs to the CD94/NKG2 family. NKG2D is expressed on natural killer (NK) cells, CD8+ alpha-beta and gamma-delta T-cells. As an activating and costimulatory receptor, it involved in immunosurveillance upon binding to various cellular stress-inducible ligands displayed at the surface of autologous tumor cells and virus-infected cells. It provides both stimulatory and costimulatory innate immune responses on activated killer (NK) cells, leading to cytotoxic activity. It stimulates perforin-mediated elimination of ligand-expressing tumor cells. Signaling involves calcium influx, culminating in the expression of TNF-alpha. NKG2D participates in NK cellmediated bone marrow graft rejection and survival of NK cells. It Binds to ligands belonging to various subfamilies of MHC class I-related glycoproteins including MICA, MICB, RAET1E, RAET1G, ULBP1, ULBP2, ULBP3 (ULBP2>ULBP1>ULBP3) and ULBP4.