

# Recombinant Protein Technical Manual

### **Recombinant Human RBP7 Protein**

**RPES3804** 

**Product Data:** 

**Product SKU:** RPES3804 **Size:** 10μg

Species: Human Expression host: E. coli

Uniprot: Q96R05

#### **Protein Information:**

Molecular Mass: 15.5 kDa

AP Molecular Mass: 14 kDa

Tag:

**Bio-activity:** 

**Purity:** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin:**  $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu\text{g}$  as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage:** Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping:** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation:** Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.

**Reconstitution:** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

**Application:** 

**Synonyms:** Retinoid-binding protein 7; Cellular retinoic acid-binding protein 4; CRABP4;

CRBP4; Cellular retinoic acid-binding protein IV; CRABP-IV; RBP7

## Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Met 1-Ala134

## Background:

Retinol-binding proteins (RBP) are a family of proteins with diverse functions. They are carrier proteins that bind retinol. Retinol and retinoic acid play crucial roles in the modulation of gene expression and overall development of an embryo. However, deficit or excess of either one of these substances can cause early embryo mortality or developmental malformations. Regulation of transport and metabolism of retinol necessary for a successful pregnancy is accomplished via RBP. Retinol binding proteins have been identified within the uterus, embryo, and extraembryonic tissue of the bovine, ovine, and porcine, clearly indicating that RBP plays a role in proper retinol exposure to the embryo and successful transport at the maternal-fetal interface.