

# Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Rhesus macaque CD160 Protein (His Tag) RPES3922

### **Product Data:**

**Product SKU:** RPES3922 **Size:** 10μg

Species: Rhesus macaque Expression host: Human Cells

Uniprot: G7MG20

### **Protein Information:**

Molecular Mass: 15.9 kDa

AP Molecular Mass: 16-30 kDa

Tag: C-His

**Bio-activity:** 

**Purity:** > 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin:**  $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu\text{g}$  as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage:** Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room

temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at  $4-7^{\circ}$ C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping:** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation:** Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

**Reconstitution:** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Application:

**Synonyms:** CD160 antigen; CD160

# Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Met1-Leu158

## **Background:**

CD160 antigen is a cell membrane protein which contains one Ig-likeV-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain. CD160 is a GPI-anchored lymphocyte surface receptor in which expression is mostly restricted to the highly cytotoxic CD56(dim) CD16(+) peripheral blood NK subset. CD160 is a receptor showing broad specificity for both classical and non-classical MHC class I molecules. CD160 is expressed in spleen, peripheral blood, and small intestine. Expression of CD160 is restricted to functional NK and T cytotoxic lymphocytes. CD160 acts as a co-activator receptor for CD3-induced proliferation of CD4+ CD160+ T cells isolated from inflammatory skin lesions. Activated NK lymphocytes release a soluble form of CD160 that functionally impairs the MHC-I-specific cytotoxic CD8(+) T lymphocyte responsiveness.