

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Mouse CXADR/CAR Protein (His & Fc Tag)(Active)

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES4139

Species: Mouse

Size: 50µg

RPES4139

Expression host: HEK293 Cells

Uniprot: NP_001020363.1

Protein Information:	
Molecular Mass:	52 kDa
AP Molecular Mass:	60-65 kDa
Tag:	C-His-Fc
Bio-activity:	Measured by the ability of the immobilized protein to support the adhesion of mouse neutrophils. When 5 x 10E4 cells/well are added to CXADR-coated plates (4 μ g/ml and 100 μ l/well), approximately 20%-40% will adhere specifically after 60 minutes at 37°C.
Purity:	> 92 % as determined by SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin:	< 1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage:	Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping:	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
Reconstitution:	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Application:	
Synonyms:	Coxsackievirus and adenovirus receptor homolog;CAR;Cxadr;CVB3 BP;MCVADR

Sequence: Met 1-Gly 237

Background:

CXADR (coxsackie virus and adenovirus receptor), also known as CAR, is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein belonging to the CTX family of the Ig superfamily, and is essential for normal cardiac development in the mouse. Proposed as a homophilic cell adhesion molecule, CXADR is a component of the epithelial apical junction complex that is essential for the tight junction integrity, and probably involved in transepithelial migration of polymorphonuclear leukocytes (PMN). Mature mouse CXADR structrually comprises a 218 aa extracellular domain (ECD) with a V-type (D1) and a C2-type (D2) Ig-like domain, a 21 aa transmembrane segment and a 107 aa intracellular domain, among which,D1 is thought to be responsible for homodimer formation in trans within tight junctions. The ECD of mouse CXADR shares 97%, 90% sequence identity with the corresponding regions of rat, human CXADR.