

Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Human CD23 Protein (His Tag)

RPES4192

Product Data:

Product SKU: RPES4192 **Size:** 10μg

Species: Human Cells

Uniprot: P06734

Protein Information:

Molecular Mass: 32.1 kDa

AP Molecular Mass: 35-40 kDa

Tag: N-8His

Bio-activity:

Purity: > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin: < 1.0 EU per μg as determined by the LAL method.

Storage: Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping: This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.

Reconstitution: Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Application:

Synonyms: Low affinity immunoglobulin epsilon Fc receptor; BLAST-2; C-type lectin domain

family 4 member J; Fc-epsilon-RII; Immunoglobulin E-binding factor; Lymphocyte

IgE receptor; CD23; FCER2; CD23A; CLEC4J; FCE2; IGEBF

Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Asp48-Ser321

Background:

Low affinity immunoglobulin epsilon Fc receptor(CD23) is a secreted and single-pass type II membrane protein which is also exists as a soluble excreted form. There are two forms of CD23: CD23a and CD23b. CD23a is present on follicular B cells, whereas CD23b requires IL-4 to be expressed on T-cells, monocytes, Langerhans cells, eosinophils, and macrophages. Unlike many of the antibody receptors, CD23/FCER2 is a C-type lectin. It is found on mature B cells, activated macrophages, eosinophils, follicular dendritic cells, and platelets. In flow cytometry, CD23/FCER2 is helpful in the differentiation of chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CD23-positive) from mantle cell leukemia (CD23-negative). CD23/FCER2 can also be demonstrated in germinal centre B-cells using immunohistochemistry, but it is not present in the resting cells of the surrounding mantle zone. CD23/FCER2 has essential roles in the regulation of IgE production and in the differentiation of B-cells (it is a B-cell-specificantigen).