

# Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Human SDF2 Protein (His Tag)

**RPES4878** 

#### Product Data:

**Product SKU:** RPES4878 **Size:** 10μg

Species: Human Expression host: Baculovirus-Insect Cells

**Uniprot:** NP 008854.2

### **Protein Information:**

Molecular Mass: 22.7 kDa

AP Molecular Mass: 22.7 kDa

Tag: C-His

**Bio-activity:** 

**Purity:** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin:**  $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu\text{g}$  as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage:** Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping:** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation: Lyophilized from sterile 50mM Tris, 100mM NaCl, pH 8.0, 0.5mM PMSF, 0.5mM

EDTA, 0.5mM TCEP, 10% glycerol

**Reconstitution:** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

**Application:** 

**Synonyms:** SDF2

## Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Met 1-Leu 211

## Background:

Stromal derived factors (SDFs) are a loosely defined group of molecules that are generated by stromal cells. Two of the stromal derived factors, SDF and SDF-4 belong to the chemokine family. Other SDFs, such as SDF-2 and SDF-5 are not well defined and their biological functions are less known. SDF-2 is first isolated from the mouse stromal cell line ST2 as a secretory protein. The amino acid sequence deduced from the murine clone and the human homolog are conserved more than 92 %, and the aa sequence of SDF-2 shows similarity to those of yeast dolichyl phosphate-D-mannose, protein mannosyltransferases. SDF and its receptor are strongly indicated in the progression of various cancers including breast cancer. SDF-2, SDF2-L1, SDF-4, and SDF-5 are ubiquitously expressed in various cancer cell lines and SDF-2, SDF-4 and SDF-5 are expressed in mammary tissues. These SDFs have prognostic value and warrant further investigation in their biological functions and clinical value.