

# Recombinant Protein Technical Manual Recombinant Mouse SLAMF5/CD84 Protein (His Tag)

**RPES4995** 

#### **Product Data:**

**Product SKU:** RPES4995 **Size:** 10μg

Species: Mouse Expression host: Human Cells

Uniprot: Q18PI6

#### **Protein Information:**

Molecular Mass: 23.8 kDa

AP Molecular Mass: 35-40 kDa

Tag: C-6His

**Bio-activity:** 

**Purity:** > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin:**  $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu\text{g}$  as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage:** Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping:** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation:** Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

**Reconstitution:** Please refer to it for detailed information.

**Application:** 

**Synonyms:** SLAM family member 5; Cd84; Leukocyte differentiation antigen CD84; Signaling

lymphocytic activation molecule 5; CD84; Ly-9B; SLAMF5; CD84 antigen; CD84

molecule; SLAM family member 5

## Immunogen Information:

Sequence: Lys22-Pro223

### Background:

CD84, also called SLAMF5, is a member of the CD2 subgroup of the immunoglobulin receptor superfamily. Members of this CD2 subgroup mediate signal transduction through the interaction of its immunoreceptor tyrosine-based switch motifs (ITSM) in the intracellular region and the SH2 domain of adaptor molecules SAP (SLAM-associated protein) and EAT-2 (EWS-activated transcript 2), and accordingly modulate both adaptive and innate immune responses. CD84 expression has been documented on several hematopoietic cell types, including monocytes, macrophages, dendritic cells, B lymphocytes, and platelets. Activation of cell surface CD84 initiates a signaling cascade involving its intra-cytoplasmic tyrosine residues that results in Bcl-2 upregulation, which in turn enhances cell survival. Either immunoneutralization or blockade of CD84 with a CD84 extracellular domain protein fragment induces cell death in vitro and in vivo.