## Zebrafish Growth Hormone Recombinant

## RPPB0342

## Product Information Protein Information

## Product SKU:

RPPB0342

## Host:

Escherichia Coli

## Protein description:

Somatotropin Zebrafish Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 185 amino acids with an additional Ala at the N -terminus and having a molecular mass of 21.18 kDa . The Zebrafish Recombinant is purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

## Appearance:

Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

## Synonyms:

GH1, GH, GHN, GH-N, hGH-N, Pituitary growth hormone, Growth hormone 1, Somatotropin.

## Formulation:

The protein was lyophilized from a concentrated $(1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml})$ solution with $0.5 \% \mathrm{NaHCO} 3 \mathrm{pH}-8$.

## Purity:

Greater than $99.0 \%$ as determined by: (a) Analysis by SEC-HPLC. (b) Analysis by SDS-PAGE.

## Solubility:

It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized Zebrafish Growth-Hormone in $0.4 \% \mathrm{NaHCO} 3$ or water adjusted to $\mathrm{pH}-9$, not less than $100 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$, which can then be further diluted to other aqueous solutions, preferably in a presence of a carrier protein such as BSA or similar.

## Stability:

Lyophilized Zebrafish Growth-Hormone although stable at room temperature for at least two weeks, should be stored desiccated below $-18^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Upon reconstitution and filter sterilization GH can be stored at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{pH} 9$ for up to 4 weeks. For long term storage and more diluted solutions it is recommended to add a carrier protein ( $0.1 \%$ HSA or BSA). Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## Amino Acid Sequence:

AQRLFNNAVIRVQHLHQLAAKMINDFEEGLMPEERRQLSKIFPL
SFCNSDSIETPTGKDETQKSSMLKLLRISFRLIESWEFPSQTLSS
TISNSLTIGNPNLITEKLVDLKMGISVLIKGCLDGQPNMDDNDSL
PLPFEDFYLTVGETSLRESFRLLACFKKDMHKVETYLRVANCRRSLDSNCTL

## Biological Activity:

Zebrafish Growth-Hormone is biologically active in PDF-P1 3B9 cells stably transfected with rabbit GH receptors.

