Mouse LIF Recombinant Protein

RPPB0740



Product Information	Protein Information
Product SKU:	Protein description:
RPPB0740	Leukemia Inhibitory Factor (LIF) Murine Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated,
	polypeptide chain containing 181 amino acids and having a molecular mass of 20 kDa. The Leukemia
Accession:	Inhibitory Factor (LIF) is purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.
P09056	
	Appearance:
Host:	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Escherichia Coli.	
	Synonyms:
	CDF, HILDA, D-FACTOR, Differentiation- stimulating factor, Melanoma-derived LPL inhibitor, MLPLI,
	Emfilermin, Leukemia inhibitory factor, LIF, DIA.
	Formulation:
	Leukemia Inhibitory Factor (LIF) was lyophilized from a concentrated (1mg/ml) sterile solution containing
	20mM Phosphate buffer pH-7.4 and 0.02% Tween-20.
	Purity:
	Greater than 95.0% as determined by(a) Analysis by RP-HPLC.(b) Analysis by SDS-PAGE.
	Solubility:
	It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized Leukemia Inhibitory Factor (LIF) in sterile water not less
	than 100µg/ml, which can then be further diluted to other aqueous solutions.
	Stability:

Lyophilized Leukemia Inhibitory Factor (LIF) although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. Upon reconstitution Leukemia Inhibitory Factor (LIF) should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below -18°C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA).Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Amino Acid Sequence:

MSPLPITPVNATCAIRHPCHGNLMNQIKNQLAQLNGSANALFISYYTAQGEPFP NNVEKLCAPNMTDFPSFHGNGTEKTKLVELYRMVAYLSASLTNITRDQKVLNP TAVSLQVKLNATIDVMRGLLSNVLCRLCNKYRVGHVDVPPVPDHSDKEAFQR KKLGCQLLGTYKQVISVVVQAF.

Biological Activity:

Activity of murine LIF was determined by the M1 cell differentiation assay which was found to be < 0.01 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of 100,000,000 IU/mg.A standard of 50 Units is defined as the concentration of mouse LIF in 1.0 mL of tissue culture medium that induces the differentiation of 50% of M1 colonies.