Human NAP 2 Recombinant Protein



RPPB1232

Product Information Protein Information

Product SKU: Protein description:

RPPB1232 Neutrophil Activating Protein-2 Human Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a non-glycosylated,

Polypeptide chain containing 70 amino acids and having a molecular mass of 7609 Dalton. The NAP-2 is

Accession: purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

P02775

Appearance:

Host: Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

Escherichia Coli.

Synonyms:

Platelet basic protein, PBP, Small inducible cytokine B7, CXCL7, Leukocyte-derived growth factor, LDGF, Macrophage-derived growth factor, MDGF, pro-platelet basic protein (chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 7), TC1, TC2, TGB, TGB1, B-TG1, CTAP3, NAP-2, SCYB7, THBGB, LA-PF4, THBGB1, Beta-TG, CTAPIII, CTAP-III.

Formulation:

The CXCL7 protein was lyophilized from a concentrated (1mg/ml) sterile solution containing no additives.

Purity:

Greater than 98.0% as determined by:(a) Analysis by RP-HPLC.(b) Analysis by SDS-PAGE.

Solubility:

It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized Neutrophil Activating Protein-2in sterile $18M\Omega$ -cm H2O not less than $100\mu g/ml$, which can then be further diluted to other aqueous solutions.

Stability:

Lyophilized NAP-2 although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. Upon reconstitution CXCL7should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below -18°C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Amino Acid Sequence:

The sequence of the first five N-terminal amino acids was determined and was found to be Ala-Glu-Leu-Arg-Cys.

Biological Activity:

The specific activity as determined by the ability of NAP2 to chemoattract human neurotrophils using a concentration of 1-10ng/ml corresponding to a Specific Activity of 100,000-1,000,000IU/mg.