## **Human CD14 Recombinant Protein**

## **RPPB3004**



Product Information	Protein Information
Product SKU:	Protein description:
RPPB3004	The CD14 is produced from human CD14 transfected CHO-cells. Before transfection the complete human
<b>A</b>	CD14-cDNA was amplified by PCR and cloned into expression vector p-POL-DHFR. The myeloid
Accession: P08571	differentiation antigen CD14 acts as the major receptor for bacterial LPS. The dominant form of the
P00571	recombinant wild type CD14 is the 50-kDa protein containing 335 amino acids and lacks the GPI-Anchor.
Host:	Appearance:
CHO-cells.	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
	Synonyms:
	Monocyte differentiation antigen CD14, Myeloid cell-specific leucine-rich glycoprotein, CD14.
	Formulation:
	CD14 was lyophilized from a concentrated protein solution (1.0 mg/ml) containing phosphate-buffered
	saline, pH 7.2.
	Purity:
	Greater than 95.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
	Solubility:
	It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized CD14 in sterile 18MΩ-cm H2O not less than 100µg/ml.
	Further dilutions should be made with phosphate buffered saline (PBS).

## Stability:

Lyophilized CD14 although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. Upon reconstitution CD14 should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below - 18°C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Biological Activity:**

Up to 20 µg/ml CD14 inhibit binding of FITC-LPS (0.5µg/ml) to 600,000 CD14+CHO transfectants (FACS).