Collagen XVII/COL17A1 Monoclonal Antibody

CAB4808

Description

This Collagen XVII/COL17A1 Monoclonal Antibody is supplied as a kit for advanced applications. The kit includes Bradford Reagent to quantify total protein concentration for accurate sample normalization (Optional).

Product Information

SKU:	CAB4808
Contents:	20 µL, 100 µL Bradford Reagent: 1 vial (2ml)
Category:	Monoclonal Antibody
Synonyms:	ERED, JEB4, BP180, BPA-2, BPAG2, LAD-1, BA16H23.2, Collagen XVII/COL17A1
Clone:	ARC0233
Applications:	WB IHC-P ELISA
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Reactivity:	Human

Antibody Data

Gene ID:	1308
Uniprot:	AB_2863351
Host Species:	Rabbit
Purification:	Affinity purification
Observed MW:	150-180kDa
Calculated MW:	150kDa

Preparation & Storage

Storage: Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS containing 50% glycerol and 0.05% BSA, preserved with proclin300 or sodium azide (as specified on the Certificate of Analysis), pH 7.3.

Store Bradford Reagent at Room Temperature for 1 Year.

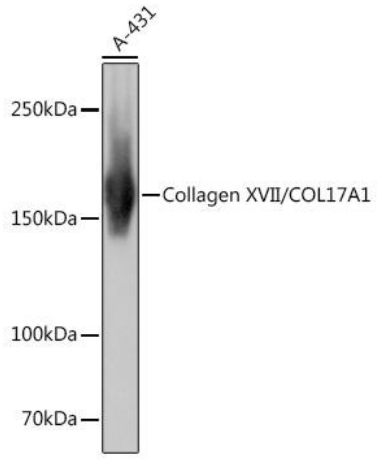
Positive Sample: A431

Recommended Dilutions:

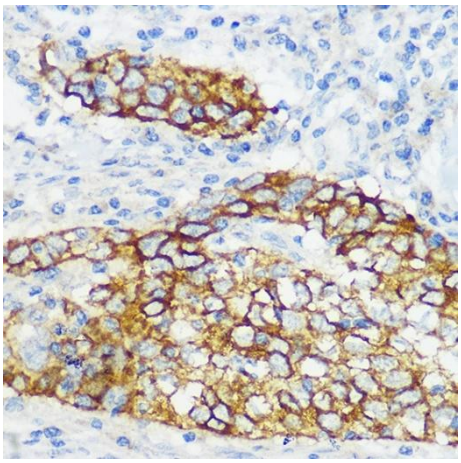
WB	1:500 - 1:1000
IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
ELISA	Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL. Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

Protein Quantification (Optional): To quantify total protein levels, use the Bradford Reagent included in this kit. Visit https://www.assaygenie.com/bradford-protein-assay-protocol/ to view the full protocol

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of lysates from A-431 cells, using Collagen XVII/COL17A1 Rabbit mAb (CAB4808) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (CABS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (AbGn00020). Exposure time: 1s.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human esophageal cancer using Collagen XVII/COL17A1 Rabbit mAb (CAB4808) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Microwave antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Tris/EDTA Buffer (pH 9.0) prior to IHC staining.